Bombay Gazette
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 54,931.—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1910				
15th Janv.	INDIA	7911	.....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10860
29th "	ARABIA	7903	MOOLTAN	9621
5th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	.....	...
12th "	DELHI	6080	.....	...
19th "	MANTUA	10883	.....	...
"	CALEDONIA	7556	.....	...
26th March.	SALSETTE	6000	PERSIA	7951
"	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
"	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
"	ARCADIA	7903	.....	...
"	INDIA	791	.....	...
2nd April.	MACEDONIA	10812	.....	...
"	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
"	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9805
9th "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10609
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7556	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10790
21st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 528,, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 949

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

Calcutta : GRINDLAY & Co,
London : GRINDLAY & Co.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

COUTTS & CO.,

PASSENGER AGENTS.
POST BOX 249, BOMBAY.

Steamer Fares to England.

A. LIVERPOOL.—

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
1st single	605-0	2nd single	462-0
1st return	990-0	2nd return	704-0

B. LONDON BY SEA.—

1st single	858-0	2nd single	627-0
1st single	693-0	2nd single	528-0
1st return	1,287-0	2nd return	940-8
1st return	1,039-8	2nd return	792-0

C. LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.—

1st single	858-0	2nd single	627 0
1st return	1,287-0	2nd return	941-0

D. LONDON VIA GENOA.—

1st single	694-8	2nd single	451-0
1st return	1,089-0	2nd return	707-0

E. LONDON VIA TRIESTE.—

1st single	760-0	2nd single	535-0
1st return	1,263-0	2nd return	832-0

F. WEYMOUTH (South of England)—
1st single 400-0 and 420-0

G. THIRD CLASS PASSAGES LONDON BY SEA.—

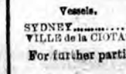
	Rs.
Berths in general Cabin	210
" " 4 Berth Cabin	295
" " 2 Berth Cabin	340

London via Marseilles with 2nd class rail Rs. 357, Rs. 242
Concession granted to Families, Railway Employes Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, etc.
For further particulars apply to :—

COUTTS & CO.,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DWARKA	1,695	Fri. 14th Jan.	4 p. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 17th Jan.	11 a. m.	P.D. & O.M.*
KABARA	1,195	Thur. 20th Jan.	9 a. m.	O Mandvi

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka, and O. Mandvie.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "KABARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 20th Jan. sailing (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on Monday 17th Jan. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LAWADA," 2,269 tons sailing on or about the 18th Jan.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

13th January, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	3th Feb. 1910
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	17th Feb. "
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	17th Mar. "
SYDNEY	4,118	X	14th Apr. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May "
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	7th July "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,118	X	28th Jan. 1910.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barill	24th Feb. "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains	To sail on
Dso. BALDUINO	1,580	D. Maganzini	15th Janv. 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Maggini	15th Feb. 1910.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 900*	Rs. 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class, Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The abovementioned fares by steamer D. Balduino and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February next:—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	Rs. 500	Rs. 750
1st Class, Inside Cabin	Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge The usual comfort will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be:—1st Class, Rs. 728; and 2nd Class, Rs. 524.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	5,000	G. Belsito	17th Janv 1910
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Feb. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For farther particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
a SOMALI	2,700	Greiwe	20th Jan.
* KANZLER	3 000	Ulrich	1st Feb.
* KAISER	2,800	Von. Holdt	17th Feb

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

a Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 27th December, 1909.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPS.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Date
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	19th Jan. 1910.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1910,
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	15th March "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	26th "
CIRCASSIA	6716	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	13th April "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	9th May "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. & N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares,—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

Sailings.	Tonnage.	Leaving Bombay about.
S.S. "Umzumbi,"	5,000	18th February, 1910.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Hoerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

R. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE "POLKEY"

PATENT PARAFFIN MOTOR HEAD LIGHTS.
SPECIALLY MADE FOR INDIA.

Reasons Why You Should Have "The Polkey" Head Lights :

1. It burns paraffin which is obtainable everywhere.
2. It is a pleasant and most effective light for a Motor Car.
3. It is strong enough for any ordinary purpose.
4. It gives a more diffused light than the ordinary acetylene lamp.
5. It is lit immediately without any waiting.
6. It does not swell.
7. On a dark night the driver can easily peck out a telegraph post at sixty yards, seeing it quite plainly.
8. Two spare chimnies ready for use stored in each lamp in asbestos lined tubes; no risk of breakage.
9. Glass chimnies guaranteed perfectly fire-proof.
10. The only form of head lamp not objected to by the police regulations.

THE "POLKEY"

Patent Paraffin Motor Head Lights, 527 Candle Power, Specially made for India.

No. 1 SERIES.		
Nickel plated on brass with side fittings ... Each	£ 8	0
Brass polished ... "	" 7	0
Double Fork brackets for shutting, on each ... "	0	15
No. 2 SERIES.		
Nickel plated on brass, each	£ 7	0
Brass polished ... "	" 6	0
Double Fork brackets for shutting, on each ... "	0	15

THE "POLKEY"

Side Lights for Motor Cars. Good light givers, burning paraffin and suitable for any size cars.

No. 1 SERIES.—Carrying chimnies.—		
Nickel Plated, per pair ...	£ 4	16
Brass Polished " ...	" 4	0
No. 2 SERIES.—No chimnies—		
Nickel Plated, per pair ...	£ 4	10
Brass Polished " ...	" 3	10

Above Lamps may be had at English Prices, less 10 per cent. for Cash. Calculation.—12 Ans. to the shilling or Rs. 15 as the Pound Sterling.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA :

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WINES, OILMANSTORES AND PROVISIONS,
FRESH SUPPLIES MONTHLY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA FOR—

ANTIMALARIE RANA, The incomparable specific against Malarial Fevers prepared by the Chemist FRANCESCO RANA of Bari (Italy), and can be had from EDULJI BROS. and M. T. MADON and Co., Chemists, Arthur C. Market, Bombay.

High Class best **PORTUGAL WINES** from the well established House of Messrs. SANTOS AMARAL & Co., can be had from us at usual rates retail and in cases.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Is scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 3.**

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD

for Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

Full particulars and prices on application to

MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address :—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No, 838
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Kolar and Karachi.

Mongini Brothers.

CONFECTIONERS & CATERERS.

Large and Small Parties catered for on contract inclusive Estimates given on Application.

Up-Country orders promptly attended to.

Wedding Cakes,

Sent carefully packed to any part of India.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams "MONGIBROS," Bombay. Telephone No. 325.
ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

PEARSE & CO.,

Apollo Street,

BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.

LEADING CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS & BAKERS.

Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinner
Dinner-a la-Carte.
Select Bill of Fare. Best Wines and Spirits.

STEAM BAKERY, MARINE LANE.
BREAD BAKED TWICE A DAY.

Kiln-dried Flour, The Best Household Flour in 7 lb. tins.
Cabin and Crew Biscuits.
Prices on Application.

STANDING REPUTATION

OVER 37 YEARS.
TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

S. S. "CITY OF MANCHESTER."

ARRIVED on the 12th Instant.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS, AGENCY, (KILLICK, NIXON & CO.), Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 13th January, 1910.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the GENERAL MAHOMEDAN COMMUNITY will be held at ANJUMANE ISLAM HALL, TO-DAY, the 14th instant at 5 p. m. (Standard Time), to consider what measures should be taken to honour Mr. HAJI SULLEMAN ABDUL WAHED, the Sheriff of Bombay. On this occasion all Mahomedans are requested to attend the Meeting.

Sir Curimbhai Ebrahim.
Hon. Ebrahim Rahimtoola.
Kazi Mahomed Salleh Bin Abdool Lutiff Londe.
Shaik Jassim Bin Ali Ebrahim.
Aga Mirza Mahomed shirazi.
Kazi Kabiruddin, Barrat Law.
Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan, Solicitor.
Amirudin Tyebji.
Fazulbhoy Meherali Chinoy.
Surafali Mamooji.
Salebhboy Curimjee Barodawala.
A. M. Kajiji.
Haji Yusuf Esmail Sobhani.
Dost Mahomed Peer Mahomed.
Abdoolabhai Talji.
Fatehali Shaik Ahmed.
Sheriffbhai Devji Kanji.
Khan Sahib Ebrahim Hafiz.
Khan Sahib Haji Ahmed Devji.
Mahmedji Adamji.
Abdool Latif Jitekar.
Mahomed Hussan Mukba.
Dawoobhoy Fazulbhoy.
Kazi Esmail Porebundri.
Haji Goolam Mahomed Aizam.
Budroodin Abdoola Kur.
Syed Mohinoodin.
Munshi Faridudin.
Goolam Mahomed Shah Mahomed.
Mahmoodmiya Ahmedmeya Soortee.
Hussonali Moola Hukimji Khansaheb.
Hiraji Kaloo.
Ahmed Esmail Nuthoo.
Haji Esas Ali.
Haji E-mail Haji Allana.
Haji Jakria Haji Ahmed Patel.
Miya Mahomed Ghotani.
Khan Bahadur Haji Abdul Rehman Kadvani
Saleh Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorani.
Haji Esmail Haji Hashum.
Haji Tar Mahomed Haji Ebrahim Patel.
Khan Sahib Haji Ebrahim Haji Soomar Patel.
Haji Hbbib Haji Curim.
Haji Saleh Med. Haji Oosman.
Noor Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Lutiff.
Esmail Beg Mahomed.
Ali Mahomed Abba Jooma.
Haji Sulleman Jooma Noor.
Kasum Noor Mahomed.
Sidick Mahomed Osman.
Abdoola Miya Khundwani.
Cassum Rahimtoola.

THE CLASSICAL ASSOCIATION.

FORMATION OF A BOMBAY BRANCH.

A MEETING will be held in the Rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society, in the Town Hall, Bombay, on THURSDAY, 20th January, 1910, at 6-15 P.M. to constitute a Bombay Branch of the Classical Association and to elect Officers and a Committee for the current year. The Chair will be taken by the Hon. Mr. Justice S. L. BATCHELOR.

H. E. the GOVERNOR of BOMBAY has consented to become Patron of the Branch.

All interested in Classical studies are invited to attend the Meeting.

E. A. R. HAIGH,
Organizing Secretary.

B.-G.-J.-P.-RAILWAY.

(Including Jetalsar-Rajkot, Jamnagar and Dhrangadra Railways).

NOTICE.

Timber Sleepers.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 1,00,000 (one lakh) METRE GAUGE SLEEPERS of any of the following destriptions, which will be received by the Manager and Engineer-in-Chief at his Office, at Bhavnagar Para, by noon on Monday, 31st January, 1910 :—

SQUARE SLEEPERS 6' by 8" by 4 1/2" of :—
Indian Sal or Deodar

Western Australian :—Hill Grown Jarrah.
New South Wales, Tasmanian, Queensland. } Mixed hardwoods.

JAVA TEAK—

HALF ROUND SLEEPERS 6' by 9" (minimum width at base) by 4 1/2" (minimum thickness) of Jodka Teak or Java Teak.

Deliveries of SEA BORNE SLEEPERS either all at Bhavnagar Bandar or 70,000 at Bhavnagar Bandar and 30,000 at Veraval Bandar.

Deliveries of Sal and Deodar sleepers at any Railway Station (to be named).

Supply to commence in March, 1910, and to be completed at the rate of 20,000 per month by the end of July, 1910.

Particulars and conditions of supply can be had on application to the Undersigned, on payment of Re. 1.

K. R. VACHA,
Store-Keeper,
B.G.J.P. Railway.

Bhavnagar Para,
Dated 10th January, 1910.

UNCOVENANTED SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND.

NOTICE.

THE SEVENTY-SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Subscribers, to the above Fund, will be held in the Town Hall, on SATURDAY, the 29th January, 1910, at 3 P.M. (1) to receive the Report of the Directors; (2) to lay before the Meeting the Books of the Fund together with an abstract statement of the accounts and a list of subscribers and incumbents, in accordance with Fund Rule 55; (3) and to fill by Election, under Rule 5, the three vacancies caused by the retirement by Rotation of three Directors; and (4) to elect Auditors for the ensuing year as required by Rule 8.

The following is the list of Subscribers who, if elected, are willing to serve on the Board. Subscribers desiring to vote for the election of 3 directors to fill the vacancies caused by those retiring by rotation should send in their votes for registration so as to reach this office 2 clear days before the date of the Meeting.

By Order of Directors,
RIVERS HOWE,
Secretary.

CALCUTTA, the 23rd December, 1909.

Names of Subscribers who, if elected, are willing to serve on the Board :—

Mr. L. F. Berkeley.
*Mr. F. L. Halliday, C. V. O., C. I. E.
Mr. J. H. Hofstadt.
Mr. E. W. Jewett.
*Mr. M. A. Mendes.
Mr. S. G. Platts.
Mr. G. E. Ridge.
*Mr. C. H. Sampson.
Mr. E. C. G. Vanspall.

* Directors retiring by rotation.

JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE, P. W. D. ELECTRICAL BRANCH.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following appointments :—

1. ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, Jhelum Power Installation, Kashmir. Terms and conditions of service are briefly as under :—

Service temporary, and non-pensionable, terminable by one month's notice from either side.
Salary Rs. 700—850; biennial increment, Rs. 50.
Selected candidate will be required to commence on Rs. 700.
No joining expenses. No free quarters.
Travelling allowance and leave, in accordance with State Codes.
Thorough experience on High Tension, A.C. systems, indispensable.

2. POWER STATION SUPERINTENDENT, Jhelum Power Installation, Kashmir :—

Salary Rs. 500—600; biennial increment, Rs. 50.
Selected candidate must join on Rs. 500.
Other terms and conditions of service, as above.
Experience requisite, also as above.
A partially furnished bungalow at Mohora, will be provided for the Superintendent appointed, at a monthly rental, of 10 per cent. of salary.
Applications, with full particulars, and copies of testimonials, etc., which will not be returned, to be submitted to :—

THE PUBLIC WORKS MINISTER,
Jammu and Kashmir State,
JAMMU.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 5 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have APPOINTED THURSDAY, 20th January, 1910, for the purpose of BALLOTING for the ELECTION of a DEPUTY CHAIRMAN of the Chamber, for the year 1910.

The BALLOT-BOX for the reception of the Voting Papers will be OPEN at the offices of the Chamber, from 10-30 A.M. till 4 P.M., from THURSDAY, 13th January, to THURSDAY, 20th January, 1910 (inclusive).

By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Bombay, 13th January, 1910. Secretary.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDER FOR COAL.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the CHIEF ENGINEER, at his Office, Ballard Road, up till 1 p. m. (Standard Time), on WEDNESDAY, 2nd February, 1910, for the supply of about 24,000 tons English or 28,000 Indian steam coal for twelve months from January to 31st December, 1910.

(1) A deposit of Rs. 1,000 to accompany the tender.

(2) Form of tender with schedule, specification and agreement may be obtained at the Chief Engineer's Office, Ballard Road, on payment of Rs. 5.

(3) The covers to be endorsed "TENDER FOR COAL." The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

(4). The cost of stamping the agreement to be borne by the successful tenderer.

(5) Each tender will be received on condition that the deposit accompanying it shall be absolutely forfeited if such tender is withdrawn before the tenderer receives formal intimation of the Trustees' decision in regard to his tender.

(6) The tender must state whether English or Indian Coal is offered, and give the name of the Colliery.

P. GLYNN MESSENT, M. Inst. C. E.,
Chief Engineer.

Chief Engineer's Office, Ballard Road,
Dated Bombay, the 12th January, 1910.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

LARGE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF JEWELLERY AND OLD CURIOS FOR SALE BY FAIR OFFER.

MESSRS. A. BHICAJI and Co., long standing firm of Apollo Bunder, have desired to retire. The BUSINESS owing to slack in trade for several years offers to their numerous well-to-do customers an opportunity of buying by cash all the Rich Stock of Jewels, Jewellery and Curios of all parts of the World, by fair and reasonable offer. An inspection earnestly requested.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, Hummum St., BOMBAY.

BRANCHES :
MUMBADEVI,
AHMEDABAD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI
Managing Director.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Ryojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Mukden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS :—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay

AMUSEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....SYDNEY T. PEASE.

LAST 2 NIGHTS ! LAST 2 NIGHTS ! !

SYDNEY T. PEASE
PRESENTS
THE ENGLISH COMEDY CO.
TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT ! !
THE FAMOUS MELO-DRAMA,
EAST LYNNE.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 15TH,
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
THE WORLD'S RECORD COMEDY,
CHARLEY'S AUNT.
SPECIAL SOUVENIR NIGHT.
PRICES AS USUAL.
Plan at SOUNDY'S.

THE
EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

LAST NIGHT
OF
OUR SPECIAL FILM.

TOBACCO GROWING IN THE MALAY ARCHIPELAGO.

A series of instructive and entertaining views of this great industry. We show you the whole process from the leaf to the finished cigar.

TO-MORROW,
GRAND
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

Band in attendance.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION
WILL BE HELD IN THE
TOWN HALL.

Last day for receiving PICTURES, THURSDAY, February 24th. For prospectus and particulars apply to Prof. O. V. MULLER, M. A., Hon. Secretary, Elphinstone College, Bombay.

BOMBAY CITY POLICE CLUB ANNUAL BALL.

TOWN HALL,

WEDNESDAY, 2ND FEBRUARY, 1910, at 9-30 P.M.

Tickets Rs. 10 each to admit one Lady and one Gentleman, and extra Lady's Tickets, Rs. 3 each can be obtained at various POLICE STATIONS and from the Undersigned.

A. FINAN,
Hon. Secretary,
R. I. N. Dockyard.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

GRAND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
IN AID OF
THE INDIAN MISSION TO THE DEPRESSED CLASSES IN INDIA.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18TH, 9-30 P.M.

Under the most distinguished Patronage of
H. E. the GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
H. E. SIR EDMONDE J. WARRE SLADE, M. V. O,
The Hon. SIR BASIL SCOTT,
SIR JOHN MUIR-MACKENZIE, K. C. S. I.,
MAJOR GENERAL SWANN, C. B.

ARTISTS :

Madam BEATRICE TREVOR.....(Soprano)
Miss JUST.....(Solo Violin)
Mr. G. F. HILL.....(Basso)
Captain G. A. SULLIVAN.....Pianoforte.
H. E. the GOVERNOR'S BAND.
Director.....EDWARD BEHR.

Prices of Admission :

	Rs.	a.	p.
Reserved Seats	2	0	0
Unreserved	1	0	0
Gallery	0	8	0

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform.....Half Price.

For Boxes and booking, apply only to Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Hornby Road, Bombay.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
Morning Practice, 8 to 9.
Afternoon General skating, 6 to 8.
Night Session, 9-30 to 11-30.
A Grand FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL THURSDAY, JANUARY 20TH.
Valuable prizes will be presented.

Metal Mart Dept :—

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

OF BRITISH AND CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

All sections from 4in. by 1 1/2in. up to 20in. by 7 1/2in. any length up to 36 feet.

WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK IN WESTERN INDIA

of Rolled Steel Beams, Plates, Angles, Tees, Corrugated Galvanised and Plain Sheets, Fig Iron, Cast Iron and Wrought Iron Pipes, also Farnley Iron for which we are the Sole Agents.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS
BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUO PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUO" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 36.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE ? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

MATHERAN.—A comfortable small cottage To Let. Complete with good furniture, etc. and situated near the Railway Station and public offices. Apply to Box No. 102, care of this Office.

IF you want a reliable and cheap SECOND-HAND MOTOR CAR which is in perfect working order, apply to No. 1005, care of this Paper.

EXCHANGE TABLES,—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged, Sterling two Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 29/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Discussion—Commission—Interest—Double—Value—Date Dates. Price Re. 1. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY, By James Douglas, Rs. 5, Apply Box No. 408, c/o. Bombay Gazette" Office

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES,—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 3-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10, Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re.:. Apply Box No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JOB PRINTING,—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 3 Green Street, Fort.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS ? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 19A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited," 3 Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Power and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING,—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

WHEN YOU ASK FOR
CLUB BLEND,
See that it is in a
Square Bottle and bears the
OLD LAMP Trade mark.

To be had of all WINE DEALERS.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED.
HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor and attend to all their wants.

☞ The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY,
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST,
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply "The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

The property of a deceased gentleman, consisting of drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs, corner cabinets, writing tables, marble top teapoy, easy chair, two large mirrors, bedsteads, benches, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office'shigram, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable bungalow and vacant pieces of land on Bandra Hill, Bandra.

Under Instructions from and by order of the owners, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will, on SUNDAY, the 16th day of January, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at the premises on Bandra Hill, in separate lots the undermentioned properties to close account at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, bungalow or dwelling-house standing thereon and known as The Retreat, situate lying and being on the Hill at Bandra in the district of Thana, containing by admeasurement 2,553 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—that is to say, on or towards the east by the property of Dinshaw Manekji Daver, on or towards the west by the property of Dost Mahomed Pir Mahomed, on or towards the north partly by the property of Pestonji Kawasji and partly by a passage leading to Bandra Hill Roads and on or towards the south by the property hereinafter secondly described and which said premises bear Survey No. 217 and form a portion of old plot No. 33.

At 5 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate lying and being on the Hill at Bandra in the District of Thana and containing by admeasurement 1,532 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east partly by the property hereinafter thirdly described, partly by the Bandra Hill Road and partly by the property of Dinshaw Manackjee Daver, on or towards the West by the property of Thomas, known as "Macaulay Lodge," on or towards the North by the property hereinbefore firstly described and on or towards the South by the property of Dr. D. A. De Monte and which said premises bear Survey No. 217 and form part of Old Plot No. 34.

At 5-30 p. m. (S. T.) on the premises.

Thirdly.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate lying and being on the Hill at Bandra in the District of Thana, containing by admeasurement 1521 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Bandra Hill Road, on or towards the West by the property hereinbefore secondly described, on or towards the North by a passage leading to and forming part of the property hereinbefore secondly described, and beyond that the property of Dinshaw Manekjee Daver and on or towards the South by the property of Dr. D. A. De Monte and which said premises bear Survey No. 217 and form part of Old Plot No. 34.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Pestonji, Rustim, Kola and Co., Solicitors for the owners, at No. 79, Meadow Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

On FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the whole of the building materials of the Students' Gymkhana Building of the Grant Medical College, at Byculla.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 14th January, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21 MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO COLLECTORS OF OLD CHINESE PORCELAIN AND CHINESE WORKS OF ART.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th January, 1910, sell by Public Auction, opposite Bombay Club, and next to H. Bernard and Co., Esplanade Road, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), the remaining unsold lots of the collection of Old Chinese Kang-He, Keen-Lung, Kia-Ching, Chingwha and other porcelain pieces, consisting of blue and white vases, plates, celadon vases and bottles, powdered blue vases, jars, sang-le-Boeuf bowls, black enamelled and decorated vases, bottles and bowls; white glazed vases, costly jade bangles, bowls, flower-holders, wine cups, buckles, jade and crystal seal centres, engraved and pierced jade pieces and figures, valuable Jasper bowls, flower holders, old porcelain snuff bottles, painted and carved in relief, crystal and ruby glass snuff bottles, embroidered cushion covers, mantel-pieces, cut figures of birds and similar works of art.

The above collection, besides containing valuable jade articles, includes some rare old crystal jade and porcelain snuff bottles.

Goods will be on view three days previous to sale.

Catalogues will be obtained from the undersigned.

SALE OF JAPANESE FANCY-GOODS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th day of January, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the premises, next door to Mr. A. Barnard, opposite the Bombay Club, Hornby Road, a collection of Japanese goods consisting of oxydised silver ware and cloth brushes, dressing cases, cigar cases, photo frames, carved ivory figures, velvet cut needle work and embroidered pictures, large fourfold lacquered and inlaid screens, gold decorated jars 36 in. high, flower pots and pedestals, wooden carved stands, Saltana vases, table cabinet and similar other useful and decorated articles, including one old Chinese bronze inlaid vase.

AUCTION SALE of VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, situate at 2nd Koliwada, at Lower Colaba, out of Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of Augusto Madias Pinto, the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Gopal Nagoo Patel, Raoji Nagoo Patel, the Mortgagors, and Rama Kunia and others, and in pursuant to the power and by virtue of a Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 15th day of May, 1900, and two further mortgage deeds, dated the 23rd day of December 1901, SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th day of January, 1910, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property on the premises at 4-30 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel or quit ground, containing by admeasurement 62 Square Yards or thereabouts, together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the 2nd Koliwada Road at Lower Colaba in the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 11 and 12 and New Nos. 4711 and 4712, Old Survey No. 9655 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward Nos. 796 and Street Nos. 2, 4, and 6 and bounded as follows, i.e. :—On or towards the East by the property of Mahomed Jaffer Miyakhan and Bros., on or towards the West by the property of said Mortgagor, on or towards the North by the Public passage and property of Luxhma Dharma and on or towards the South by the boundary wall of the Bombay Municipal property which was formerly known as Alleo Parsa property.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th January, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th January, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

The material for removal of the following building :
Building Street Nos. 216-218, Case No. 222 Nowrojee Hill Road.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 14th January, 1910.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, including delivery.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE ON FRIDAY, 14th JANUARY.

THIS DAY, FRAIDAY, the 14th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORWD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in Forbes Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. Greaves, Cotton Co.'s office, the entire stock of Messrs. Fred Delair, photographers and others, consisting of large studio camera with stand, out-door boudoir camera, 8 by 10, enlarging lens, cabinet camera by 8 by 10, back-ground, chemical dark room, slides, dishes, fancy photo ornaments, Corinthian pillars, railings, stands, head-rests, curtains, fancy card mountings, measure glasses, photo show cases, albums, new design drawingroom suit in 10 pieces, brass inlaid almirahs, piano, dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, dining table, glassware, crockery and plated ware, terra cotta and pariau figures for photo studio, iron chest, book cases, about 25 dozen phonograph records, large lot of negatives, etc.

P. S.—If desired by any purchaser the studio with 3 cameras and accessories will be put up first in one lot.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF VERY valuable properties known as "Watson's Hotel Annexe" and the "Watson's" or "Esplanade Hotel" in Bombay.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction,

Suit No. 668 of 1909.

Raja Bahadur Narsingirji Giangirji of Hyderabad, Deccan ..... Plaintiff

vs.

1 Syed Sirdar Ali Khan, Executor of the last Will of Nawab Syed Abdul Hakkarnalker, Sirdar Diler-ul-Mulk, Bahadur, and

2. Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patel.....Defendants.

Under instructions from and by order of Limji N. Banaji, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in the above suit by an order of the High Court, dated the 11th November, 1909, and 2nd December, 1909, respectively, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said order, Messrs. CRAWFORD and COMPANY, Auctioneers, will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th day of January, 1910, at 4 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon, put up for sale by Public Auction at the premises as a going concern, the very valuable property known as the Watson's Hotel Annexe, situate at Apollo Bunder Road in Bombay, consisting of the immoveable property described in the first schedule hereto, together with the entire stock of the furniture, crockery, cutlery, glassware, electric and other fittings, engines and dynamos, used in connection with the business of the said Hotel, together also with the Good Will of the said business and will also on MONDAY the 17th day of January, 1910, at the same hour similarly put up for sale as a going concern at the premises the very valuable property known as the "Watsons" or "Esplanade Hotel" situate at the Esplanade Road, in Bombay, consisting of the immoveable property described in 2nd schedule hereto, together with the entire stock of the furniture, crockery, fittings, Good Will as aforesaid.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

All that right, title and interest of the parties to the above suit in all and singular the leasehold land and hereditaments, comprised in and demised by the Indenture of Lease, dated the 22nd December, 1885, and made between the Trustee of the Port of Bombay of the one part and Syed Abdul Hak Sirdar Dilerjung, C.I.E., of the other part, for a term of 50 years, commencing from the 1st February, 1886, (renewable as therein mentioned) situate on the Wellington Reclamation Estate, and fronting on the Apollo Bunder Road, in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8,129 2-9 square yards, or thereabouts, together with very substantial tenements and buildings thereon, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 10 and forming a part of Collector's New Survey Nos. 95,59, and bounded on or towards the north by the Government Dockyard, on or towards the south by the Apollo Bunder Road, on or towards the east by land in occupation of the Royal Yacht Club and on or towards the west partly by the Post Office Stables and partly by land in the occupation of F. Muraglia and Company and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 896 (1) to 896 (7) and Street No. 6-6a and 6f.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

All that right, title and interest of the parties to the above suit in all and singular the leasehold land, hereditaments and premises comprised in and demised by the Indenture of Lease, dated the 20th September, 1872, and made between the Secretary of State for India in Council of the one part and Hannah Maria Watson and others of the other part, for a term of 999 years comprising from the 26th August, 1867, situate on the Esplanade Road in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,484 square yards, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 62, New No. 18997 and New Survey No. 84 and 7 and bounded on or towards the north by the Fuller Road, on or towards the east by a foot path and the Esplanade Road, on or towards the west by a public street and on or towards the south by the property, formerly of Ardeshir Hormasji Wadia but now of the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd., together with a very substantially built 4 storeyed building thereon, assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 1163, Street Nos. 10, 2, 4 and 6 Esplanade and Fuller Roads.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Thakurdas and Co., Solicitors for the Receiver, at their Office No. 25, Es

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, January 12.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ...	... 82 5/8—1/8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs	...25/15 1/2unchgd
Rentes 3 per cent. ...	... 99 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London.	... 20-46+0-1
Bar Silver Spot.... ...	... 24 1/8—1/16
Do. 2 months hence. ...	... 24 1/8—1/16
Closing Tone of Silver—Dull.	
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent.	...62 13/16 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate). ...	... 1-3-15

Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 6th January.

Amount Paid into the Bank of England about £ 100,000.

3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ...	... 96 3/8—1/4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...	3 1/4—1/8
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	3 1/4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...	3 3/4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...	3 7/8 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ...	... 77-9 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ...	... 1 3/4—3/8
Do. of day market loans	... 2 1/2 unchgd

MANCHESTER, January 12.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	10,000
Do Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	.....
Do. do. called	2,000
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	.....
Do. Day's Imports...	50,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot Improved demand —	Firm.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Steady
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market.... ...	Steady
Mid-Americans	8-02+4
Egyptian F. G. F.	...13 7/16—1/16

	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.
Cotton Delivery	7-71	7-73	7-75	7-77	7-79
Mid. Uplands	—19	—19	—19	—18	—18
G. O. C.					

	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.
Liverpool	7-79	7-77	mutilated.	
arrivals.	—18	—19		

Shipments of Piece Goods and Yarn made from Manchester to different ports in India during the month of December, 1909.

To Calcutta—Cotton Piece Goods.

	Yds.
White and Bleached... ...	2,20,00,000
Grey	8,39,09,000
Coloured	40,90,000
Chintz	56,00,000

To Calcutta—Yarn.

	lbs.
Coloured	3,46,000
Grey...	3,50,000

Salt.

	Tons
Salt	7,000

To Rangoon—Cotton Piece Goods.

	Yds.
White and Bleached... ...	27,60,000
Grey	11,00,000
Coloured	14,00,000
Chintz	26,00,000

To Rangoon—Yarn.

	lbs.
Coloured	3,00,000
Grey...	.....

To Madras—Cotton Piece Goods.

	Yds.
White and Coloured... ...	15,00,000
Grey	25,00,000
Coloured	9,00,000
Chintz	21,00,000

To Madras—Yarn.

	lbs.
Coloured	230,000
Grey	230,000

The Bombay—Cotton Piece Goods.

	Yds.
White and Bleached	1,76,00,000
Grey	1,39,00,000
Coloured	57,00,000
Chintz	1,72,00,000

To Bombay—Yarn.

	lbs.
Coloured	350,000
Grey	600,000

To Karachi—Cotton Piece Goods.

	Yds.
White and Bleached	1,03,00,000
Grey	23,00,000
Coloured	19,00,000
Chintz...	65,00,000

To Karachi—Yarn.

	lbs.
Coloured...	1,00,000
Grey	10,000

LINSEED.

LONDON, January 12.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata)	57 1/2
" " months, Jan.-Feb,	
" " Ports, Hamburg	
" " Buyers, sellers, &c., Sellers	

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, January 12.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	23,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Do. Exports to Continent	2,000
Futures at New York ..... Mar. 14-93—47	Declined owing to longs unloaded and on foreign selling.
Do. at New York ..... May 14-93—52	
Spot Cotton at New York ...	15-04—30
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 3/4 unchgd.
Demand Bills	4-86 3/4 unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars ...	52 3/8—1/8
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	15 1/4—1/4
Tone of Spot Cotton	Steady.
Futures at New Orleans ...	Mar. 14-88—89
Do. at New Orleans ...	May 15-14—52

WHEAT.

LONDON, January 12.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe, 62 lbs	39

Months—Jan.-Feb.
Buyers, etc.—Nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	40 3-4

Months—Jan.-Feb.
Buyers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone—Easier.

Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship...	69 1-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone—Easier.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Gujarat	43
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore	44
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone—Firmer.	
Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492lbs. C.I.F.	41 3/4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Wheat F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs C.I.F.	41 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone—Firmer.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 7-3 1-4 Value.

ARRIVALS.

Aleppo—Lady Canington Bassano.

SUGAR.

Sugar—16-1 1/2 May August—Sellers.
Tone—Steady.

BOMBAY, JANUARY 13.

COUNCIL BILLS.

Rs. 21,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 10,20,000 " to Bombay
" 6,00,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 37,40,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.
Tenderers at the above rate received 19 per cent.
Average rate of allotment, 16'09.
Telegraphic Transfers for
Rs. 28,80,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 7,70,000 " to Bombay
" 6,10,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 42,60,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.
Tenderers at the above rate received 19 per cent.
Average rate of allotment, 16'06.
Total amount of Council Bills sold during the week, including last public sales, Rs. 1,00,20,000.
Amount to be allotted Rs. 80,00,000.

MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is up by 35 lakhs but the rate of interest remains unchanged.

EXCHANGE.

Tone of the market was weak to-day and T. T. were quoted at 1s. 4 1-16d. Demand at 1s. 4 3-32d. and 3 months' sight credits at 1s. 4 5-16d.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s. 4 1/16d.
Demand Do.	1s. 4 3/32d.
3 m/s. credit	...1s. 4 5-8d. to 1s. 4 9/32d.
Demand Francs	163 1/2
3 m/s Francs	171
Demand Marks	127
3 m/s. Marks	139
30 d/s. Hongkong	130 1/2
" Shanghai	175 1/4
" Japan	149 3/4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper market has remained unchanged at 93-14 for the whole day for ready as well as 2nd February Settlement.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was down by 1-16 at 24 1-8 both for ready and forward and New York was down by 1-8 at 52 3-8.

Market in Gold remains dull. In silver very little is passing.

We quote:—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett...	23	9	9
97 touch Chintoo	23	4	0
National Bank	24	0	9
Chartered Bank	24	0	0
French Bank	15	1	9
Sovereigns Shield —	15	0	0
Do Dragon	24	0	6
Australian	24	0	0

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	63	8	0
17 Penny ready	63	7	0
First Settlement	63	14	0
Second "	64	3	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed:—Home price was down by 6d. and in the local market it declined by an anna.

Rapeseed:—Was up by 3d. and price jumped up by an anna.

Wheat:—Declined by 6d. and there was no material change to report in the local market.

Gingellyseed.—Quiet but steady.
Castorseed.—Quiet but steady.
Cottonseed.—Quiet but steady.
Poppyseed.—Firm.

We quote:—

Description,	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 10 8
Linseed, Small ...	... " 10 4

RAPESEED—

Brown Cawnpore ...	...Rs. 6 15
Yellow do. ...	... " 7 8
Do. Gujarat ...	... " 7 11
Poppyseed ...	... " 10
Castorseed ...	... " 33 to 34
Mowraseed... ...	... " 6 4
Maize	... " 23 to 23
Groundnuts ...	... " 39 to 42
Mustardseed ...	... " 80 to 85
Gingellyseed ...	... " 37 to 45
Khandesh Howri ...	
Gulbarga do. ...	" 44 to 45
Kalbur do. ...	
Itarsi do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	
Do. do. do. 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25...	" 42 to 45
Do. Mixed 50/50...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	
Do. Black Kutni ...	... " 37 to 38

Summary of Daily Arrivals of Wheat and Seeds by rail and sea during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 12th January:—

Wheat	15,247 cwts
Linseed	1,053 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed ...	1,201 "
Gingellyseed	27,123 "
Poppyseed...	1,595 "
Groundnuts	12,018 "
Castorseed...	5,500 "
Rice	2,724 "
Myrabollams	9,024 "
Cottonseed...	29,280 "
Mowraseed...	630 "
Gram	3,299 "
Joowar	3,053 "
Maize —	1,094 "

LOCAL YARN.

On account of a big drop in cotton and heavy stocks in China and steadier tone of silver, prices in Yarn have declined by one anna and there was no business passing.

SPINNINGS.

As cotton market is daily declining so it strengthens the position of local mills. There is no business passing in Petits; business in Davids was done at Rs. 390 and Kohinoor advanced to Rs. 702 1-2 and then closed at Rs. 695.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,465 X. D.
India	67 1/2 C. D.
Indian Specie	55 C. D.

MILLS.

Swadeshi	1,162 1/2
Davids	385
Nagpore	1,595
Kohinoor	695
Currimbhoy	995
Colaba Land Mills	1,090

PRESSES.

New Berar ... ... — 535 X. D.

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. E. S. and T. Co's, Ord ...	92
Bombay E. S. T. C. Pref. ...	152
Bombay Steam Navigation (Ord)	312 1/2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate...	18
Treacher & Co	540

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Prantej	593
Tapti-Valley	440

COTTON.

Liverpool was up by 4 points at 8·02 and New York was down by 30.

The market here which in the morning was Rs. 300 for good Broach, closed at Rs. 303 1-2 to Rs. 304 and fine Broach which was Rs. 326 went up to Rs. 328.

All other classes are well maintains. Both mills and exporters have done a fair business during the day.

The Liverpool Opener is 4 to 5 points up.
Tone of the Colaba market steady.

We learn of the following purchases made to-day:—

Bales.		Rs.
100	Methia ... E. Spinner & Co	... 260
200	Khandeish ... B. D. Master ...	... 268
100	Bengal ... Elphinstone Mills	... 242 1-2
400	" ... Gill & Co ...	... 258
100	" ... Queen Mills ...	... 249
200	Khandeish ... Assu Virji Mills	... 270
200	" ... M. Busan Kalka	... 265
200	Bengal ... Madhavji Mills	... 257
200	" ... Gaekdum & Co	... 265
200	" ... Presidency Mills	... 265-266
100	Wardha ... H N Madraswalla	... 301
200	Khandeish ... Jeewraj Baloo Mills	... 263
100	" ... Merarjee Mills	... 266
100	Bengals ... Volkart Bros ...	... 255
200	" ... Biascheck & Co	... 249
100	Nagpore ... W Wolf & Sons	... 299
100	Bengal ... "	... 260

We quote:—

	Jan. Ready. Rs.
Bengal Fine	... 268
" F. Good	... 255
Khandesh Fine	... 270
" F. Good	... 264
Amraoti Fine	... 264
Akola Khangaum Fine	... 265
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	... 263
Yeotmal Fine	... 295
Nagpore Fine	... 304
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	... 305
Methia Fine	... 271
Broach Fine	... 328 Mar.
" Gin Good	... 302 "
Sawginned "	... 299 May
Westernsginned machine	... 300 "
Coompta "	... 333 "

Daily arrivals of Cotton by rail and sea during 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 12th Jan:—

Khandesh	3,758	Bales.
Central India	1,333	"
Barsi and Nagur	878	"
Berar	4,433	"
Central Provinces	2,312	"
Oomras	12,709	"
Dholera	3,629	"
Bengals (N. W. P.)	1,408	"
Bengals (Rajputana)	664	"
Westerns	90	"
Persian	3	"
Total	18,503	Bales.

LIVERPOOL, January 13.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	10,000
Total Imports	19,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Jan.—Feb.	7-76+5
Feb.—Mar.	7-77+4
Mar.—Apl.	7-80+5
Apl.—May.	7-82+5
May—June	7-84+5
June—July	7-84+5
July—Aug.	7-82+5
Aug.—Sept.	7-57 a
Sept.—Oct.	7-16 a

a Thinking mutilates.

FREIGHT.

Ports.	This month.	Next month.
Antwerp	15 0	... 15 6
Dunkirk	16 0	... 15 6
Havre	16 0	... 16 0
Hull	15 0	... 15 0
Liverpool	16 0	... 15 6
Marseilles	16 0	... 15 6
Genoa	15 0	... 15 6
London... ...	16 0	... 16 0
Hamburg	16 0	... 16 0
Trieste	17 6	... 17 0
Venice	17 6	... 17 0
Open Ports ...	...Feb. to May	... 15 6

Rates unchanged. Market is going on as usual.

BENGAL COALS.

There is a good demand of Bengal Coals and the collieries are putting out a good outturn daily. Labour which was scarce can be had now at moderate rate as usual. The supply of waggons of E. I. Railway is getting short and shippers find it hard to get waggons to their requirements. Demand of steam coal from Calcutta is good. Dust Coal is in good demand and Punjab market consumes a bigger quantity every day.

We quote.—

FIRST CLASS.	SECOND CLASS.
Rs. 2 14 to Rs. 3 2	Rs. 1 8 to Rs. 1 12
" 2 8 to " 2 10	" 1 6 to " 1 7
" 2 4 to " 2 0	" 1 6
" 1 14 to " 2 0	" 1 6
" 2 0c	
" 3 4	" 2 6
" 7 8	" 4 8

METALS.

Market:—Home market both in yellow metal and copper is firm. A firm is prepared to sell at £71 10s. copper for January but our price is £71 5s. Private advices are to hand that the markets have decided to lessen the output and market may advance. A meeting of the dealers was held about forming a ring but it was dissolved and it is to reassemble to-day when the salesman of a leading firm is going to intervene and get the dealers to unite. We think it will not be to dealers' advantage to join as those who have bought in a low market will have to share the profit with others. From information to hand many dealers are opposed to forming a ring.

We quote:—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4	21	
	28	
	35	
	42	
	56	Rs. 57 0
	63	
	70	
	77	
	84	
Yellow Metal Sheets	24	
	28	
	35	
	42	Rs. 47 0
	49	
	56	
Tin Ingots.	...	" 49 12
Spelter S M ...	...	
M M ...	...	" 19 8
J ...	...	
G ...	...	
Georgshutte ...	...	" 22 8
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	" 51
Copper Sheathings ...	lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	" 62
Yellow Metal Sheathings	lbs. 14, 16 10, 12	" 48

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, January 12.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
11 Packages...	230	58,627	10,353
3 do ...	...	14,100	435
8 Bundles ...	...	1,920	4,009
3 Bundles ...	...	1,755	...

SILVER.

No. of Packages	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
11 Packages ...	...	1,517	...
3 do ...	...	540	...
2 Bundles ...	...	4,000	...
8 do ...	...	14,350	...
1 Bundle ...	...	2,600	...
1 do ...	...	1,702	...
1 do ...	...	170	...
1 do ...	...	1,156	...
2 Bundles ...	...	3,000	...
3 do ...	...	5,245	...
4 do ...	...	7,000	...
3 do ...	...	5,000	...

Importers.	Vessels.	From.
Sundry Importers ...	Behemia	Jeddah
do	do	Aden
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Kola	Bushire
Sundry Importers ...	do	Busreh
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Bulimba	Abass
Do	do	Muscat
Do	do	Dwarka
Do	do	P Bunder
Do	do	Debai
Sundry Importers ...	do	Koweit
Do	do	Linga
J. H. E. Obediah ...	do	Behrein

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 11th Jan. 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	81	95 780
B. B. & C. I. Railway...	51	59,245

TREASURY MEMORANDUM.

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st December in India and in England amounted to £18,635,571 and was held in the following form:—

		£
1	As a book credit in India... ...	344
2	Rupees in India equivalent to (at £1 = R 15)	4,786,734
3	Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	1,017,192
4	British and Colonial Government Securities	10,831,301
5	Temporary Loan to the Govt of India at 3 1/2 per cent. Interest ...	2,000,000
	Total... ...	18,635,571

THE KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The freight market has been moderately brisk during the past week and fair lines have been booked, rates close firm with a hardening tendency. A steamer is reported as chartered for February loading, picked ports, in addition to the numerous heavy engagements.

BEAUTY AAD HYGIENE.

FOR Health, Beauty and Luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which Lady Constance Howard writes,—" Is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap" see that the Name and Figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

DAILY EXPORTS, JANUARY 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Dalemoor s—12,928 cwts maize, Sanday and Co; 2,500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 16 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; and 4,200 cwts oil cakes, Glade and Co; 39 bales wool, B Teckchan.

Gibralter s—91 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 5,357 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 70 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy.

Scindia s—37 bales wool, J Rara; 30 bales wool, The Bombay and Co; 800 bales cotton, Gile and Co; 450 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, James Finlay and Co; 100 bales wool, N Goculdass; 1,095 cwts oil cakes, Allen Bros and Co.

FOR LONDON.

India s—101 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR NEW YORK.

Scindia s—13 bales skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—792 bales cotton, 640 cwts groom and 469 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 48 casks skins, Edward Wolf; 3,000 cwts groundnuts, L Drefuse and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Scindia s—10 boles twist, Holland Bombay Trading and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—714 cwts maize, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons,

FOR BOSTON.

Scindia s—50 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ROVEN.

Rinaldo s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—5,250 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 100 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 2,000 cwts myrabollams, G Madhavji and Co.

Rinaldo s—3,937 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR HAVRE.

Queenmoor s—386 bales cotton, Divadker and Co; 2,973 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co; 500 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Cladmoor s—220 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co: 224 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts groundnuts, S Cooverji and Co 110 beles cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

Carthusion s—55 bales cottonfly K Vishram and Co 200 bales hemp P Bhimji; 990 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co: 420 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 2,039 ewts gingellyseed, Werman and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Queenmoor s—920 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 110 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 110 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co; 110 bales cotton, Liladher and Co; 371 bales cottonfly, and 100 bales hemp, K Visram and Co; 550 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 110 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 220 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 264 cwts gum, G Sojpal.

Chupra s—120 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, P Jaithabhoy.

Ludgate s—1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ranenfels s—25 bales hemp, R Keeve and Co; 500 cwts myrabolams, H Anandrao and Co; 115 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR BREMEN.

Ranenfels s—291 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

D Baldinno s—293 cwts mowraseed Ralli Bros; 998 cwts linseed J Pashiri.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bohemia s—2 bales cotton, Wolf and Sons; 20 cwts animal guts, Ad Meyer.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—83 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co; 400 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 82 cwts gum, S Cooverjee and Co.

Ischia s—31 1-4 cwts sharkfins and 1 1-4 cwts fishmaws, V Ooka; 250 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—266 chests opium, S J David and Co; 15 chests opium, C Bomonji and Co; 260 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Assaye s—500 bales cotton, M B Kaisha; 386 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co; 300 bales cotton The Japan Cotton Trading Co.

Ischia s—1,000 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 306 bales cotton, Vatcha Ghandi and Sons; 300 bales cotton, A W Campbell and Co; 200 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

Iran s—1,000 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

Bingo Maru s—600 bales cotton. Tata Sons and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Assaye s—200 bales cotton The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

Iran s—100 bales cotton Tata Sons and Co.

Binge Maru s—100 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 200 bales cottonfly, W Madraswalla and Co; 75 bales cottonfly M B Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ischia s—100 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 14th January.

52.—Detail for the week ending 15th instant.

To-day Friday 14th inst.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m.

53. Camp of Instruction.—It is notified for information that the Annual Camp of Instruction will take place at Santa Cruz from the 29th January to the 5th February.

The General Officer Commanding will make his Annual Inspection of the Corps on Saturday the 5th February.

54. Rifle Meeting—It is notified for information that the Annual Rifle Meeting will take place about the end of February. Only those members who have fired their course of Musketry are eligible to compete.

55. Rifle Meeting.—The All Comers' Match, 1st Bn. G. I. P. Ry. Volrs. will be fired at Ghat Kopar on the 24th January.

Shooting to commence at 8 a.m.

Post entries allowed.

56.—Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing as follows:—

Saturday the 15th.
Sunday the 16th.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-5 a.m.

The Range will not be available on Saturday afternoon the 15th.

57.—Leave—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 1621 O. R. Sergt. J. W. Gordon, Reserve Co. from the 11th January to 31st March 1910.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	Amarica.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 13th January 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey ...	nil	nil	.....	nil	...
Teheran ...	13	12	20 p.m.	1	5
Suez	13	2	0 p.m.	0	40

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

WATSON—January, 7, at 7, Theatre Road, Calcutta, the wife of Robert James Watson, of a daughter.

GRIER—January, 7, at Simla, the Wife of Major H. D. Grier, R.G.A., of a daughter.

DEATH.

HARTLEY—January 2, at Chittagong, Edna Phyllis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hartley, aged 7 years.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR.
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE No. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY

Excelsior Cinematograph, 7, 8-30, 10 and 11 p.m. Skating Rink, Cruickshank-road, 6 to 8 p. m. and 9-30 to 11. p.m.

Maxim: "New occasions teach new duties."—J. R. Lowell.

A CANDIDATE FOR THE CORPORATION.—Dr. Dinshah Bemonji Master has come forward as a candidate for the new Corporation on behalf of the Justices of the Peace.

A NEW HONORARY FELLOW.—His Excellency the Chancellor has appointed Mr. Hari Narayen Apte an honorary Fellow of the Bombay University in place of the late Mr. A. M. T. Jackson.

MAHOMEDAN MEETING.—A meeting of Mahomedans will be held to-day at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, to consider what measures should be taken to honour Mr. Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed, the Sheriff of Bombay.

CHARITY AT FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.—At the performance of the third day's funeral obsequies in connection with the death of Mr. Sorabji Padmanji Pestonji of Poona, a sum of Rs. 9,590 was subscribed for various charitable and benevolent purposes out of the deceased's estate and by his relatives.

BAND AT THE PAREL INSTITUTE.—By kind permission of Lieut-Colonel S. J. Sarjant V. D. and Officers the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6 p. m. to-day.

March...	Pompoea ... Hume
Overture	Zampa ... Herold
Valse	Morgenblatter ... Strauss
Selection...	MaMieRosette ... Caryll.
Egyptian Serenade	Amina ... Lincke
Characteristic Piece...	The Uhlan's Call ... Eilenberg

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE CLUB.—The members of the Bombay Co-operative Club held a musical concert on Wednesday night in their Hall at Girgaon, in honour of Mr. Surendranath Tagore. Professors Muradkhan Binkar, Devidas, Dr. K. W. Dani and Mr. V. Bhajeker took part and held the audience spell bound. In introducing the guest of the evening Mr. S. R. Kapker, Secretary of the Bombay Co-operative Club briefly referred to the aims and objects of the Club, and what progress it has made in promoting the cause of Industrial Co-operation, which, he said, is a vital need of humanity, in all countries. He added that the Club is under the control and guidance of such a cautious citizen as the Hon. Mr. Gokuldas K. Parekh and expressed a hope that membership would soon increase. Mr. Tagore was subsequently garlanded. He replied in a few choice words, expressing his feelings of appreciation for the honour done to him. Pan and flowers were then distributed and the invited guests retired late having partaken of the refreshments provided.

"THE LAW OF FRIENDSHIP".—Under the auspices of the Chikitsak Samooha Students' Union, Prof. N. G. Wellinkar, M.A., LL.B., delivered a public lecture on "The Law of Friendship" on Saturday last in the Prarthana Samaj Mandir. There were about 150 persons present. Dr. Scott, M.A., was in the Chair. Prof. Wellinkar then said that the Secretary of this Club having requested him to give an address, he thought it proper to take up this subject as it best suited for a Club. He brought forward Darwin's argument that there cannot be peace, but strifes, wars and bloodshed, which, he pointed out, is utterly incompatible with modern circumstances. If at all a man wants to live, he must live in harmony with others. He quoted extracts from Wordsworth, the great preacher of harmony, in order to prove this. He differentiated natural likeness from friendship. He said that people may have a natural likeness for a picture or for the members of their family, but that cannot be considered a friendship. He made his audience believe that there are 3 salient features of friendship which are as follows:—(a) self-surrender, (b) self-impartation, (c) and the law of borrowing and lending. In order to live in peace with others, people must surrender themselves in spirit and in body; they must

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Redbreast...Lieut Tisdall ..... Royal Navy
H M S Proserpine...Capt J T. Marshall.....R Navy
H M S Sphinx .....Comdr N Harvey .....R Navy
H M S Syeinth.....Capt Dick .....Flagship
R I M S Dufferin...Comdr A J Marmack...R I Marine
Plassy.....Capt ^ R S Nolley.....Transport
R I M S Hardinge Comdr M W Farewel...R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 13.

Britannia.....1969 Hales .....Bo & H S & Co
Blake .....2896 Hill.....W & A Graham & Co
Bulimba.....1607 Butler.....M M & Co
Beswada.....3270 Brocq.....M M & Co
Caledonia .....3529 W Hayward .....P & O S N Co
Clodmoor.....2408 Mathews .....T Morrison & Co
City of Manchester...3562 Findlay...Killick Nixon &Co
Delta.....4780 Snow.....P & O S N & Co
Earl of Carrick.....2550 Rennit.....H J Jan Mahomed
John of Scott ...520 Kemo .....M Harji
Lawada .....2121 Law .....M M & Co
Lhasa.....941 McDiarmid.....M M & Co
Ludgate.....2380 Nicholson.....T Morrison & Co
Nizam.....2041 Moryan .....T Morrison & Co
Okara.....3428 Lowe .....M M & Co
Queda.....1944 Coope.....M M & Co
Shah Navaz.....2522 Mitchell.....B and H S N Co
Sheikh .....2328 Wown.....Killick Nixon & Co
Strathavon..... 2480 Mackay...W & A Graham & Co
Springburn.....3173 Crosthwaite.....W & A G & Co
Singu.....1912 Keeras .....Shaw Wallace & Co
Salcette.....2391 Hayward.....Aden ...P & O S N Co
Somali..... .....1615 .....Greiwe.....A Strandies
Thornbeck.....2345 St. Cotton..... .....

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 13.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Bingo Maner...	3813	Hurry...	Kobe..	19-1.	N Y Kaisha
B Assaye...	4359	Jones...	Shanghai...	19-1.	P & O S N Co
C&R Rinaldo...	2791	Pickering...	Hull...	18-1...	J Finlay & Co
D&E Chupra.....	3954	Henderson...	Antwerp	20-1...	M M & Co
G Hosseinee...	999	Hughes . P Gulf...		17-1	B & P S N Co
M Iran.....	4066	Peabody...	Kobe.....	22-1.....	Killick Nixon& Co
N Ascot	2786	Booth.....	Baltimore.....	28-1...	T Morrison & Co
O Gibralter...	2478	Storey...	Liverpool.....	14-1.....	S H Hoosein
P Dalemoor.....	2572	Brahu...	Liverpool...	22-1...	W & A Graham & Co
Q Wansleydales...	2358	Oliver...	Calcutta...	13-1...	Killick Nixon & Co

H. W. P. D.

Bahaduri.....	829	Fakeera.....	N F.....	B S N & Co	
Indravati.....	513	Fakeera.....	Mangalore...	B S N & Co	
Kaveri.....	553	Mahomed.....	Bhawnagar.....	12-1 . Bo	S N & Co
Mahanadi.....	547	Ahmed...(repairing).....		B S N Co Ld	
Netravati ..699		Cassum...	Karachi...	11-1...	B S N & Co

Of Side O.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Clan Murray...	3120	Bast...	N F.....	25-1... J Finlay & Co
2	Scindia	3253	Kelso	Liverpool...	19-1 W & A Graham & Co
3	Ischia.....	2717	Belsito	Hongkong.....	17-1.... F R S N Co
4	D Baldnino.....	2684	Maganzini...	Genoa...	15-1... F R S N Co
5	Queenmoor.....	2409	Helmrich...	Antwerp...	23-1... T Morrison & Co
6	Carthasion.....	2575	Jon s...	Dunkirk...	22-1..... T Morrison & Co
7	Bohemia.....	2304	Gillhober...	Trieste...	16-1... A L S N & Co
8	Othello...	3327	Webster...	Hull..	18-1..J Finlay & Co
9	Rauenfels...	8523	Pfeiffer...	Hamburg...	15-1... W & A Graham & Co
13	India.....	4184	Haddock...	London...	15-1... P & O S N & Co
14	Dwarka.....	759	Moscon.....	Karachi.....	14-1... M M & Co
15	Ingleby...	2312	Rome...	Baltimore..	14-1... R A Willis

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
13	City of Manchester.....	Findlay	Glasgow, Dec. 9
	Lhasa s	McDiarmid ...	Karachi, Jan. 11
	Lawada s.....	Lane	Calcutta, Dec. 13

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
13	Okara s	Lowe	Akyab
	Ingleby s	Rowe	Port Said

The following vessels began to load on Thursday :—
Steamer Delta for China.
" Somali for Zanzibar.
" John O scott for Persian Gulf.
" Lawada for Calcutta.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O Company's s s Arabia, with the homeward mails of the 8th instant arrived at Aden at 9 p m on Wednesday the 12th January.

The P and O Company's s s Malwa, with the outward mails of the 7th instant passed Suez at 6 a. m. on Tuesday the 13th January.

IMPORTS.

S.S. City of Manchester 3,562 tons, Captain Findlay arrived in harbour on Thursday from Liverpool with the following cargo :—191 coal tar, 77 coal pitch, 20,000 bricks, 100 biscuits, 366 soda, 81 window glass, 75 grapes, 884 soap, 180 twist, 32 salamoniac, 231 copper, 15 tallow, 655 candles, 275 writing slates, 50 buckets, 101 cornflour, 246 confection, 630 ale, 150 wine spirits, 728 whisky 183 papers, 67 old newspapers 4,693 hard spelter, 325 sewing machines, 245 oil, 601 lead, 1,065 paint, 50 salt, 21 nails, 25 yellow metal sheets, 1,340 cottons.

S. S. Bezwada 3,270 tons, Captain J. G. L. Brey arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Rangoon with the following cargo :—42,349 rice, 1,600 cottonseed, 499 wax, 5 twist, 11 ivory, 4,050 candles,

S. S. Somali 1,614 tons Captain Greiwe arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Zanzibar with the following cargo :—75 oil cakes, 126 cloves, 10 skins, 15 ivory, 3 hippateeth, 2 genda horns.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.J.E. PROCTER, A.D.C. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 14th January.

The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for Class Firing and practice to-morrow afternoon Saturday the 15th instant.

Train leaves Church Gate Station at 3-8 p.m.

There will be a Parade for all members at Santa Cruz on Wednesday next the 19th instant Rendezvous on the flats near the Jaskal Club 7-15 a. m. Members residing in the Fort are reminded that they will have to send their horses out over night. Picketing pegs and heel ropes will be provided on the camp ground.

Train leaves Church Gate Station at 6-30 a.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, Carbines and Swords.

NOTICE.

Members who intend dining in Camp the evening previous to parade will kindly notify Mr. H. F. Lodge, care of the Standard Life Insurance Co., Hornby Road or the Jaskal Club, Santa Cruz.

D. W. WILSON: Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt. Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING R. V. A.

Bombay, 14th January.

Parade for the week for Nos. 1 and 2 Companies.

Saturday the 15th inst at Mahaluxmi Fort. Parade at Grant Road Station at 4-50 p.m. cyclists to proceed direct to Fort.

Dress.—Khaki and Helmets.

E. E. Co.

Friday the 14th instant at 6-30 p.m. Parade at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

The 109th Infantry Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Class Firing and Spoon Competitions on Sunday the 16th instant.

Train leaves Colaba Station, at 6-55 a.m.

Train leaves Church Gate Station at 7 a.m.

E. P. OUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

MORTAR MILLS
OF
Best English make,
READY FOR PROMPT DELIVERY
AT
MARSHALL, SONS & CO., LD.,
ENGINEERS,
Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

THE YORKSHIRE
FIRE
LIFE
ACCIDENT
LIVE STOCK
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
LIFE POLICIES
At Cheap Rates with
Large Bonuses with Ample Security.
BEFORE INSURING ELSEWHERE
Consult
THE MANAGER
THE YORKSHIRE INSURANCE CO. LD.,
78, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.
Registered Telegraphic Address :—
"YORKSHIRE, BOMBAY."

DOMESTIC ECONOMY is reduced to a fine art by the DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM
MARCKS & CO.'S PIANOS
OFFERED FOR CASH, or on the DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM,
HORIZONTAL GRAND AND UPRIGHT GRAND
PIANOS
at London Cash Prices in India.
QUALITY, TONE, TOUCH, GUARANTEED.

BLUTHNER, SCHIEDMAYER, (J & P)	From Rs. 550 to Rs. 8,000
BICHd. LIPP, STEINWEG-NACH,	
Instalments from Rs. 25.	and MARCKS & CO.'S Standard Pianos.

These PIANOS are built expressly for us and selected with a view to giving absolute satisfaction. If you want a Piano communicate with us, and we will send you illustrated literature which we feel sure will interest you.
MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

UP-TO-DATE FURNITURE
IN HANDSOME DESIGNS.
FOR CASH—HIRE PURCHASE—HIRE.
Roll Top Office Desks,
A SPECIALITY.
ONLY SEASONED WOOD USED.
BEFORE FURNISHING CONSULT US.
No Order too large
No Commission too Small
For Our Immediate and Careful Attention.
LUARD BARRINGTON & Co.,
THE RELIABLE EUROPEAN AGENCY,
109, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

MALARIA.
NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,
is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulant. Per bottle, Re. 1.
CHOLERA.
"ZAM-ZAM."
A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.
☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET, BOMBAY.

FOR ALL SIZES AND CLASSES OF CARBONS.
Specially Carbons FOR JANDUS REGENERATIVE
ARC LAMPS.
Apply to
GREAVES COTTON & CO.,
Electrical Engineers and Contractors,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, Mr. C. C. WATSON, I. C. S., Private Secretary, Captain J. G. GREIG, Military Secretary, Captain T. C. LUCAS, R. A. M. C. Surgeon, Captain E. G. DRUMMOND, Aide-de-Camp, Captain C. T. DAVIS, Aide-de-Camp, which cannot be delivered at Government House, Malabar Point, Bombay, by 10 p. m. on 14th January, 1910, should be ADDRESSED to "BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S CAMP," without the addition of any Post Town, until 6-30 p. m. on 3rd February, 1910, after which date they should be sent to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Malabar Point Bombay ,until further notice.

J. G. GREIG, Captain,
Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor.
Bombay, dated 10th January, 1910.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

**. All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 14th January, 1910

THE NAVY AND THE ELECTION.

It was only to be expected that the Navy would loom large in the Election campaign, for before the Lords and the Budget came so prominently before the Electors, the question of National Defence occupied a position in the forefront of contemporary politics. The idea of fighting the constituencies on the latter question alone, failed owing to Unionist tactics, and it has not been possible to keep naval supremacy in the background. The feeling, which has undoubtedly prevailed for months past as to the neglect of the Navy, arose out of the warning uttered in Parliament by Mr. Balfour with regard to the German shipbuilding programme,and it has been generated afresh by the same statesman, for electioneering purposes. His opponents condemn him, and the German Press protest against a former Prime Minister, who may again be Prime Minister, stirring up anti-German feeling by fresh reference to their navy and the object for which it is being so rapidly developed. But European statesmen attach no importance to platform utterances during election times, and many statements, which are now being made, will never be repeated by the same men should they be called upon to occupy positions of more responsibility and less freedom. As regards German naval activity, it must be remembered that when its rapid progress was discovered, both the Prime Minister and the First Lord of the Admiralty admitted that Government itself had been completely taken by surprise, and that the facts regarding German shipbuilding enterprise, which had recently come to light, were pregnant with meaning for a country like England which, in order to retain her position in the world, must maintain a navy superior to that of any other two Powers. The apparent unwillingness of Mr. Asquith to take the next logical step and inform the country that England's shipbuilding programme would at once be amended to suit this novel condition of affairs, did the Liberal cause much harm in the bye-elections. While signs were not wanting that individual members of the party grew restive over what they regarded as the nonchalance of their leaders in a matter of the most vital importance to the Empire. The very generous offer of funds sufficient to defray the cost of building new Dreadnoughts, which were made by one or two of the colonies, were perhaps not accepted by the Government with the sincere and grateful enthusiasm that such an expression of loyalty demanded; and this circumstance engendered in the public mind the idea that the Liberal leaders might be submitting to a temptation to subordinate imperial interests to party needs.

Men like Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey are, personally as much set upon maintaining England's predominence as Mr. Balfour or any other of the leading Unionists ; and were they free to follow their own inclinations and instincts, the country might rely implicitly upon the preservation of its naval superiority. But Mr. Asquith's Government was in a somewhat strained financial position, which has not ameliorated by the passing of such measures as the Old Age Pensions Bill, and there is a very strong element in the party which is for ever clamouring for the reduction of expenditure. To these apostles of retrenchment, the Prime Minister is bound to listen, if he is to keep his forces together. Closely allied to those who clamour for the docking of the estimates at all costs, are people like Mr. Keir Hardie, who persist in characterizing the feeling in England regarding the Navy as a "scare" cleverly engineered as a party move by the Unionists, who are prepared to stake the future safety of the country upon what they term "the sound, common sense of the Teuton." It is extraordinary to see how large a body of apparently sane politicans in England believe that in matters of this kind they can safely trust to the good faith of a possible rival, declaring, for example, that if Germany gives out that she will not build more than so many ships within a given time we may comfortably rely upon her not to do so. These visionaries quite fail to see that the policy of Bismarck is not yet forgotten and that the point of importance for England or, indeed, any other country is not what that Power may say but what she leaves unsaid. The details of the very shipbuilding programme, which has been responsible for the present anxiety in England, offer an excellent example of the extent to which Germany's actual achievements may outstrip the limits which her politicians lay down in the Reichstag and the public Press, while the behaviour of the German syndicate in the matter of Chinese railway construction, which some time ago formed the subject of a hot debate in Paris, clearly proves that Germany's capabilities in this or that direction rather than her promises or assurances ought to form the groundwork of English policy. The Labour Party obstinately refused to accept the lesson which such facts teach, even blamed the Liberal leaders for their participation in the naval scare, which it regarded as part of a general movement to popularize militarism, and did not hesitate to threaten them with retaliation at the General Election, if they persisted in their attempt to increase England's already gigantic armaments.

The Labour Party is correct in stating that the question of naval supremacy is very closely bound up with the subject of the military defences of England and the Empire ; and not a few individuals of light and leading have pointed out unhesitatingly that the military arm must be strengthened in order to counteract the disadvantages arising from a possible decline in naval superiority. Mr. Haldane made a gallant struggle to raise his Territorial Forces, and did not scruple to call in the aid of the drama for this object. The boom commenced with the production of "The Englishman's Home," designed to catch the imagination of the frequenters of gallery and pit. Well known houses of amusement, like the Oxford Music Hall, would give realistic exhibitions on the biograph, showing the horrors of invasion without the protection of an adequate territorial force a martial song with a catchy tune being sung during the passage of the films gave. Yet in spite of stirring appeals under the limelight, the Territorial Forces are not getting their ranks filled as quickly as is necessary ; and many people are making up their minds that some form of universal and compulsory military service will have to be introduced. This conviction was exemplified in the action of Captain Kincaid Smith, who resigned his seat in Parliament in order to appeal directly to his constituency as a supporter of national military training. Although he chose the military and not the naval policy of the Government, as the question upon which he sought to elicit the opinion of his constituents, it was perfectly obvious, as was remarked at the time, that his action was dictated by a sentiment of disagreement with the attitude of the Government on the whole question of national defences. It appeared that he was one of the two Liberal members who supported the vote of censure moved by Mr. Balfour in respect of the Government's naval policy ; and it is more than probable that there are a good many more than two members out of that party who would gladly welcome a more determined attitude on the part of their leaders in this matter of England's future position on land and sea. Mr. Asquith and his colleagues have unquestionably a very difficult party to manage, split up as it is into various groups of varying opinion ; but if they possess the political sagacity, which is, no doubt, rightly ascribed to them, they must by this time be aware that the question of the national defences has already travelled beyond party limits, and that the country will not tolerate their neglect of the Navy for a single moment. Sir Edward Grey, at Edinburgh this week, unhesitatingly declared that the Government intended to keep the Navy at a level consistent with security, and we may take it that, so far as he is concerned, he would do his utmost towards keeping faith with the people. But we doubt not he has misgivings as to the loyalty of some of his colleagues in this matter. The other side is well aware of the fact and makes the most of it, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, at Wolverhampton, for example, repeating the old taunt that the neglect of Government in respect of the Navy, in view of German acceleration was nothing short of criminal. To-day, Mr. Haldane is reported to have given a fresh assurance that our fleet was never so powerful—still he omited any reference to the Two-Power Standard, plus ten per cent.

CANADA'S NAVY. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in a speech at Toronto, the other day, said that naval supremacy was essential to the safety of the colonies and the greatness of the Empire, but he did not believe in the danger of war with Germany, the disparity of the fleets being too great. But if, at any time, Great Britain was strongly pressed, there would be a wave of sentiment throughout Canada to go to the rescue of the old land. In the Ottawa Parliament on Wednesday, Sir Wilfrid introduced his Naval Defence Bill which is to provide a fleet of only five cruisers and six destroyers. We admire the spirit in which Sir Wilfrid's offer is made. But we approve the sentiment of Mr. R. L. Borden, Sir Wilfrid's great opponent, who remarked that the response of Australasia, in proportion to her population, was seven times that of Canada, whose proposals were too much for an experimental navy and too little for immediate effective aid. "Canada," he concluded, "will not fail in the day of trial to stand powerful and resolute in the forefont of sister nations. It is her duty to provide a fleet, with a unit, of at least one 'Dreadnought' without delay." Quite that ; for with so small a fleet as is proposed, the wave of sentiment would count for little and, standing in the forefront of sister nations, would not serve to draw the enemy's fire.

THE BROACH EXHIBITION. Lady Muir Mackenzie made a grateful little speech at the opening of the Ladies' Art Exhibition at Broach on Wednesday. She claimed to be, as she undoubtedly is, deeply interested in everything that concerns the welfare of women both in the East and the West. No one in this country has done more than her Ladyship for the true advancement of her sex. "All over India to-day a new life and hope seems to have come to women. Everywhere I go I find the sap of new life moving among the women of India," said Lady Muir Mackenzie, who rejoiced to find this awakening, which has come to women of late years both in the East in the West. And then the fair speaker skated on thin ice. "You may have heard of English-women who are working to obtain political recognition. There is behind them a far profounder motive than the gaining of a vote." And there we are glad to find she left it. There may be a far profounder motive behind them. We should like to know what that motive is, for to us it appears there is one in front of them which is dragging them deeper into the mire, day by day, and destroying what little gallantry the other sex still displays towards them. We trust it will be a long time before either the motive behind or the motive in front affects the women of this country. But doubtless Lady Muir Mackenzie referred to progressive women who are not suffragists or suffragettes.

THE BISHOP AND THE "MUGWUMPS." The Lord Bishop of Bombay, evidently feeling with the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishop of Carlisle, that the gross untruths and exaggeration of both sides, of which the Primate complained a fortnight ago, are likely to have a dire effect on the elections and may perhaps mislead electors, has addressed a letter to us, in which he announces that he has prescribed a special form of prayer for use in the churches in his jurisdiction. India is probably nearer the Throne of Grace at the present moment than England is, and our fathers and brothers may need our prayers and intercession at this particular time. His Lordship is concerned about the silent voter, the "all-important body of voters who have no invincible loyalty to any party and no fixed political prejudices or opinions"—in other words, as our telegram put it the other day, the "mugwumps" who are baffling party agents. They are swayed by vague general impulses, invisible as currents in the sea, unexpected as the squalls on a mountain loch, says his Lordship—which is true. Therefore, let us pray for them, though India is not nearly so much concerned or so interested in the Elections as the right reverend gentleman appears to imagine.

THE first meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council on the 25th instant will be formal, and no Bills are likely to be brought forward. The Viceroy will deliver the inaugural address.

MR. K. G. GUPTA, a member of the India Council, visits Dacca on the 27th instant. He will visit Madras about the middle of February, and return to London in March.

HIS Excellency the Chancellor is pleased to nominate Mr. Hari Narayan Apte to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University of Bombay vice Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, I. C. S., deceased.

THE Officer killed at the Delhi Artillery Camp was Lieutenant J.S.B. Harvey, 94th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, and not as stated in our telegram of yesterday.

DURING the week ending 11th January three chests opium were removed from warehouse in Bombay purchased by the Farmer at Godhra, while 575½ chests were imported from Indore.

SUBJECT to the sanction of the Government of India after inspection, the Sujangarh Ratangarh Section of the Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway will be opened for traffic on the 1st February next.

THE ballot held on Thursday, in the rooms of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, for the purpose of electing a Chairman of the Chamber for the current year, resulted in the election of Mr. R. G. Monteath of the firm of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company,

THE trial of Janendranath Mazumdar, the young man who gave false information to the police leading to fruitless searches in six places on Monday last, at Lucknow comes off for hearing on the 18th instant before the City Magistrate.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending 11th January was 533, giving a death-rate of 28·34 per annum per thousand as against 30·63 the corresponding period of last, year, and 38·49 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 52 died from fevers ; 7, plague ; 8, small-pox ; 1, measles ; 2, leprosy ; 48, phthisis ; 37, diseases of the nervous system ; 146, affections of the respiratory organs ; 12, diarrhœa ; 26, dysentery ; 31, still-born ; 92, old age and debility ; 10, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 13 ; Brahmin, 15 ; Lingaet, 2 ; Bhattia, 3 ; Hindu of other caste, 262 ; Hindu low caste, 71 ; Musulman, 124 ; Parsee, 17 ; Jew, 2 ; Native Christian, 16 ; European, 7 ; Negro-African 1. The total number of births was 388 as against 397 the corresponding period of last year, and 402 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DECEMBER 24.

THE KING OF THE BELGIANS.

The new King, Prince Albert of Flanders, who married Elisabeth of Bavaria in 1900, is the late King's nephew. He is a manly type of man, tall, being 6ft. 3in. and a great expert in military affairs. They have two children, Prince Leopold and Princess Marie. Under the new regime it is hoped that the late King's three daughters may once more return to their own country from which they have long been exiled.

PRINCESS PATRICIA.

Princess Patricia of Connaught, accompanied by her own and her sister's friend, the charming Lady Gweneth Ponsonby, and Miss Adam, Lady-in-Waiting of her Royal Highness, will shortly proceed to Stockholm, there to take her fill of the winter sports that she revelled in last year, skating, ski-ing, sledging, and the like, whilst enjoying the society of her sister, the Swedish Crown Princess, and her two little boys. Princess Patricia all the autumn has been learning diligently the language of the Swedes, and has taken indeed three lessons a week, as has also Miss Adam, from a Swedish professor now in London. It had been hoped in some quarters that Princess "Patsy" would pay a visit this winter to the chrice gay city of Berlin, where the season of Court balls and dances is just now beginning. But where her sister is at Stockholm, there is also metal more attractive.

QUEEN OF SPAIN.

An incident occurred here yesterday afternoon which exemplifies the reason of Queen Victoria Eugenie's popularity with the people of Madrid. Her Majesty went down to the great bazaar to buy toys for the royal children, and on leaving she caught sight of two soldiers standing near the doorway who had only last night returned from Melilla. The Queen addressed them, asking them various questions about the campaign, and than took them back with her into the bazaar and said : "Choose anything you like. I should like you to have a souvenir of me." The soldiers were at first too shy to do as they were invited, but Her Majesty's gracious insistence soon overcome their shyness, and they each chose something. Both men were evidently deeply touched by the Queen's generosity. A large crowd which had speedily gathered and witnessed the incident warmly cheered Her Majesty.

THE SALTING BEQUEST.

Mr. George Salting, who died the other day, has left to the British nation a splendid assemblage of works of the finest and rarest art. For some years they have been exhibited in the Victoria and Albert Museum in cases labelled "Lent by 'Mr. George Salting.'" Great anxiety was felt at first, as to the fate of such priceless treasures. If he had directed that they should be sold, it is certain that within twelve months most of them would have gone to America. We may, with gratitude, rejoice that the patriotic owner and collector left them to the nation.

LORD ABERDEEN'S SON.

Heartfelt sympathy goes out to Lord and Lady Aberdeen in the loss of their brilliant son, Mr. Archie Gordon, who succumbed last week, after much suffering to injuries sustained from a motor-car accident, at the early age of 26. Mr. Gordon to his friends, appeared the very incarnation of the joy of living and health. Very tall, and with fine features and vivid colouring, his charm yet lay in his peculiar amination. He was full of fun, and to use an old-fashioned expression, could set the table in a roar. He was, moreover, an intellectual young man of the greatest promise. To Lady Aberdeen his death is an unspeakable sorrow ; he resembled her so closely, and their understanding was complete. No less tragic is his loss to the clever and admirable girl, Miss Violet Asquith, to whom he became engaged shortly before his untimely death.

CHILDREN.

Can it possibly be that children are becoming a little rare as domestic pets, that they have so much done for them in these days. Their health, education, personal appearance, amusement and nursery, are all solemnly discussed in daily journals. Yet our birth-rate steadily declines, and the mention of a large family calls forth expressions of horror. In other days, when people had their quivers full of them, children were brought up on Spartan principles, and were quite satisfied with tea and games by way of a "party" a single visit to the pantomime and simple toys.

MARRIAGE.

Dr. Emil Reich has been inveighing against loveless marriages, which, owing to social and other considerations, are chiefly the kind of matrimonial contracts entered into nowadays. To fall in love in these days is risky but sooner or later most men and most women do meet their affinities, and then there is trouble. Some marriages made for motives of mutual convenience turn out quite happily. The husband and wife find each other quite satisfactory, no one appears on the scene to upset their relations and all goes well. But more often the result is depressing, if not worse. What is to be done ? If Dr. Reich has solved the matrimonial problem of the times he will be a national benefactor. We are in a muddle, unquestionably, but at present there seems no way out of it.

HEAT IN PARIS.

On December 24 Paris, and practically the whole of France, experienced one of the most extraordinary freaks of meteorology that Frenchmen remembered for a generation. The 24th and to-day have been warmer than most of the days in June and July. The thermometer in some parts of France—and those not necessarily on the Riviera—has risen as high as 70deg. Fahr., and in Paris, both day and night, the temperasure has been consistently above 60deg. This is about 20deg. Fahr. above the normal. The excess above the normal in other parts of France is much greater. The extraordinary weather had a strange effect in the theatres last night, the doors in many cases had to be opened to leave free access to the air from the street. At the same time, the heating apparatus was shut off. Nevertheless, there were several cases of fainting on account of the excessive heat.

KING LEOPOLD'S WIFE.

It is generally admitted here that King Leopold had gone through the form of a religious marriage with Mlle. Caroline Lacroix, whom he created Baroness Vaughan, though it is not yet known where the wedding took place. Two sons have been born, aged at present five and three years and a-half respectively. They are very pretty children, with long flaxen hair, and the eldest is the portrait of his father, with the family nose and the same mien and carriage. He bears the style and title of Duke of Tervueren. Should King Leopold have acknowledged the religious marriage officially, it is this child that would become the heir to the throne. At the present moment both boys are at the Chateau de Balincourt, in France, where their mother was to have joined them this week had it not been for the illness and death of the King. Baroness Vaughan is a very handsome brunette, 31 years old, with a magnificent head of black hair, on which a peasant woman, who saw her passing in a carriage in the Ardennes, remarked : "She has hair enough for two heads!"

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

"MISS STRANGEWAYS," by Alice M. Diehl—(John Long)—is a book well filled with mystery, intrigue and a certain amount of villainy. Lovers of melodrama will spend some pleasant hours trying to unravel the mystery surrounding Percy and Elenor Moore and wondering how it will all end. In the hands of an experienced writer like Mrs. Diehl, the various incidents are well described.

"ON THE BRANCH," by Pierre de Coulerain—(George Bell).—Translated from the French by Miss Alys Hallard. This is such a peculiar title that no one would have the least idea what the book is likely to be about. It is supposed to be the diary of a lady aged 57. She gives the following diffinition of the title : "I was doomed to travel quite alone the last stage of my journey. A terrible storm burst one day without any warning over me, a storm which robbed me of my husband, family and home. Ever since then I have lived in hotels." "On the Branch." The writer stays in many places and sees many things which are admirably blended into most interesting reading. This is her key to the French character. The Saxon and Teutonic race and their various branches, are masculine. The Latin, Slavonic and Celtic races are feminine. The feminine element predominates in the French soul. Study our history and our literature and you will find it there constantly with all its defects and all its good qualities." Her description of English women is amusing. "They knit long ribbed stockings, of the kind so dear to sportsmen or gloves for the Newfoundland fishermen. They talk in a monotonous voice, their faces are grave and cold, but their eyes are soft. They play cards with a concentrated passion that is perfectly disciplined." The Americans, however seem to delight her most. "I always come back to the American women with pleasure and interest." A charmingly written book, simple incidents of everyday life and people, one comes in daily contact with, have a peculiar interest when brought together in this delightful way.

"ON THE FORGOTTEN ROAD," by Henry Baerlein—(Murray)—is a perfectly simple record of a simple person. His hero is an extremely simple person, a peasant, he is a man who is concerned immediately with food, distantly with religion and with very little else at all. At the same time Mr. Baerlein is painting, through him a picturesque period. The Children's Crusade is one of the picturesque things in history, a pathetic pageant that has few rivals for its especial kind of pathos ; but Mr. Baerlein's peasant would see none of that. He had no eyes for the movement, the meaning and eloquence of it all. Things that he saw were the cauldron of food on the pastrycook's peak, the hole in Philip Augustus's stocking, the amorous eye of the Abbe Celestin, the very pleasant wine of the Old Man of the Mountain. The peasant has no theories about it all. There is life, there is death ; there are high roads and walled towns ; inns where the food is good and inns where the wine is bad ; and beyond somewhere there is Jerusalem, and these children are going there. It is said that they die but, nevertheless, there is an end for all of us and Paradise for some. That is the mediæval philosophy, and the unconscious revelation of such a mind is a better comment than many volumes of erudite history.

"THE YOUNG CARPENTER," by Cyril Hall—(Methuen).—To any one who wishes to take to carpentry as a hobby, the present work would be invaluable. Very fully illustrated, each tool and its use is detailed in a most simple manner. Finally instruction in the art of French-polishing to complete articles made with the assistance of Mr. Hall's book.

CLASSICAL ASSOCIATION FOR BOMBAY.

H. E. the Governor as Patron.

In December 1903 a society was constituted in England under the name of the Classical Association for the following purposes :—"To promote the development and maintain the well-being of classical studies, and in particular : (a) To impress upon public opinion the claim of such studies to an eminent plesae in the national schems of education ; (b) to improve the practice of classical teaching by free discussion of its scope and methods; (c) to encourage investigation and call attention to new discoveries ; (d) to create opportunities for friendly intercourse and co-operation among all lovers of classical learning." The Association from its first foundation succeeded in enlisting the sympathies, not only of professed scholars, but of many who remembered the debt they owed to the classical studies of their own youth; the membership thus increased so rapidly that it was soon found convenient to organize local branches of the Association in England and Wales. The movement quickly spread to other parts of the Empire, with the result that affederated societies have been formed in South Africa, New South Wales and South Australia. For some years past there have been members of the Association resident in the East, but they have remained scattered and unorganized. During the last twelve months, however, the number of members in India, one particularly in this Presidency, has increased so considerably as to suggest the desirability of forming a local organization. Sanction has already been given by the Council of the Classical Association to the formation of a Bombay Branch, and it is proposed to hold a meeting for the purpose of constituting such a Branch and electing officers on Thursday, 20th January. His Excellency the Governor has consented to become Patron of the Branch, and has expressed his hope that it may be the means of inspiring some original work of scholars in India. The Bishop of Bombay, the Hon. Sir John Muir-Mackenzie, the Hon. Mr. Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor, the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon. Mr. Justice Knight, the Hon. Mr. R. A. Lamb, General Swann, Colonel Gordue, R.E., and Mr. F. T. Rickards are among those who have consented to assist in the foundation and working of the Branch. It is hoped that besides those who are already members of the Central Association, all who are interested in classical studies will attend the meeting. Several applications for membership have already been received, and the names of others who are desirous of joining the Branch should be communicated to the organizing Secretary (Mr. P. B. Haigh, the Secretarist, Bombay), either at or before the meeting. Membership of the Association is open to all persons of either sex who are in sympathy with its objects.

WITH a view to preventing, a possible fracas at Lucknow between the Shias and the Sunnis during the Moharrum, batches of policemen have been stationed at different crossings and particularly near the centres of Mahomedan population.

THE Reception Committee of the Benares Provincial Conference has suggested three names as President, Pandits Sunderlal, Allahabad; Bishamborasrain, Lucknow, and Prithirnath, Cawnpur.

THE Continental Cautchoue and G. P. Co. Hanover, the manufacturers of the well known Continental Tyres have been presented with the Golden State Medal as a special appreciation of their commercial merits and the provision made for many years past for their workmen and employees. The Firm gives employment to a staff of upward 6,000 men in their huge establishment and has provided for them housing accommodation, old age pension, insurance against accident and illness and generally strived to improve the lot of their workmen. The Golden State Medal is a very rare distinction which is only conferred in very prominent cases and the Company has taken the opportunity to distribute liberal money presents among a number of their workmen who, through their faithful services, have greatly assisted them to gain this new honour.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

TARIFF REFORM ISSUE DEFINED.

Speech by Mr. Balfour.

NAVY AS A TRADE PROTECTOR.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, JANUARY 12.

To-day's feature of the Election Campaign is the forecast of the results by the *Times'* expert which is published prominently. The expert gives the Liberals, Labour Party and Nationalists 295 and Unionists 287, while 88 seats are classed as doubtful. This means 134 Unionist gains.

The *Westminster Gazette* says: "We will not compete with the various predictions, but the Conservative policy of forcing the election and reducing national affairs to chaos can only be justified by an overwhelming success."

The Conservatives call on the workers to vote solid for Tariff Reform. They say that everything depends on a good showing on Saturday, and urge that no seat in London is beyond the possibility of a Unionist victory. They say that every day the news from the North is better and are jubilant that the split in Southampton is healed.

Mr. Haldane, in his election address, hopes that the new Defence Scheme is a real step in the advance towards the federation of the Empire. The fleet has been reorganised and was never so powerful. It will presently be more powerful.

He still maintains that Home Rule is the key to the solution of the Irish problem.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

The feature of last night's oratory was the speech of Mr. Balfour at York, where he made a definite statement with regard to the taxation of food. He believed that a small duty on corn with preference to the colonies would tend to diminish the cost of bread as it would increase the area of cultivation. No alteration of the fiscal system was thinkable unless it was laid down as a basic principle that the change would not be to the detriment of the poor.

Mr. Balfour pledged himself not to increase the taxation of such necessities as wheaten bread, tobacco and tea. There was not, he said, one tittle of evidence in support of Mr. Asquith's proposition that an import duty would increase the price of wheat. A more fundamental question than the price of bread was whether we should be allowed to import it without hostile interference.

"It depends on the Navy," said Mr. Balfour, "whether the British workman is deprived of his bread. The fleets must be adequate, not merely to fight a battle, but to preserve the trade routes, otherwise we shall be beaten without firing a shot." He denounced the Government's failure with regard to defence.

Mr. Asquith, speaking at Salisbury, said that the country is on the eve of the poll and was still in darkness as to Mr. Balfour's views on Tariff Reform. Mr. Balfour had still not answered the question of whether colonial preference meant taxation of food, and also if the necessaries of life would be taxed. Would the taxes on tea and sugar be reduced? If the answer to the latter were in the affirmative there would be no additional revenue. If in the negative, then Tariff Reform was an undisguised attempt to heap an excessive share of taxation on the poor.

LATER.

Mr. Balfour, in his speech, at York, last night, deprecated the excessive income-tax and death duties as damaging employment. He preferred the rich to pay a form of taxation on their luxuries and advocated broadening the basis of taxation. He declared that tea was now as much a necessity as wheat and pledged himself that taxation of wheat, tobacco, tea and other necessities, in the only sense in which a politician need use the word, should not be increased proportionately to the general burden of taxation.

THE BISHOP OF BOMBAY AND THE ELECTIONS.

Special Form of Prayer.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The telegrams of to-day tell us of the issue of the first writs for the General Election in the United Kingdom. It is clear even from the brief accounts which reach us here in India that the election is causing more excitement and heat than any within the memory of us. Nor can any reflecting person doubt that the issues of it are graver than the issues of any election in the last half century. Each party enters the electoral contest promising to introduce changes of far reaching but incalculable effect. The Indian Empire is by no means unconcerned in the result of the election.

No one who has been through an election at Home can have forgotten the great uncertainty which always attaches to the action of large masses of the electorate. They are swayed by vague general impulses invisible as currents in the sea, unexpected as the squalls on a mountain loch. Yet these elusive influences determine the election, for they determine the action of the all-important body of voters who have no invincible loyalty to any Party and no fixed political prejudices or opinions.

It is just because an election always involves these elements of uncertainty and because the issues of the present election are unusually grave, that I wish, if you will allow me, to ask your Christian readers, not merely to look on with interest or trepidation at the progress of the contest, but to call upon the Divine wisdom to aid where human wisdom seems to fail both in forecast and in counsel.

I have prepared a form of prayer to be used during the election in the Churches under my jurisdiction, which I append in the hope that some of your readers might care to see it, and some to use it themselves.—Yours, etc.

EDWIN JAMES, BOMBAY.

Poona, January 11.

Prayer for use in the Diocese of Bombay during the General Election in the United Kingdom:—

"O Lord God, Who givest unto men Thy Divine wisdom, by which kings reign and princes decree justice, we beseech Thee to grant that wisdom to the sovereign people of Great Britain and Ireland, now called to elect their representatives for a new Parliament. Make them seriously and conscientiously to approach the task that is before them. Let Thy wisdom sway their hearts and enlighten their minds. Let it restrain them from passion and malice, and from violence of word or deed. Let it guide them to a right judgment amidst the strife of tongues and enable them to choose for Members of Parliament, men who will serve Thee with singleness of heart and by their labours advance the welfare of their country and of all the dominions of our King.

"Hear us, O Father of all, for the sake of Jesus Christ, Thy Son, our Lord."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The following special cable, dated London, January 12, appeared in to-day's *Englishman*:—

The Elections are exciting unusual interest abroad. The German Press does not conceal its desire for a Liberal victory. Expert forecasts differ widely, but most of them agree that the result is doubtful, and that the majority will be a small one. The Unionist journal maintain an optimist tone.

The worst fate anticipated is a coalition majority by the adhesion of the Nationalists. There is, however, a feeling of grave apprehension, that the race hatred deliberately generated by Mr. Lloyd-George, will be exercised in the London boroughs to prevent Unionist workmen reaching the polls. Experienced canvassers say that they have never experienced such class vilification as exists at present.

General Brackenbury has joined issue with those qualified to warn the nation of military dangers besetting the Empire.

INDIAN DEPORTATIONS.

No Change in Policy.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, JANUARY 12.

The Master of Elibank, in a speech at Wallyford in Midlothian, replying to a question with regard to the Indian deportations, said he accepted full responsibility for the action of the Indian Government in exceptional circumstances, but he could not add to the statements made in the House of Commons in vindication of the Government. The subject was engaging the constant earnest attention of Lord Morley who was a humane statesman.

NEW TURKISH MINISTER.

Retains Chief Command of the Army.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

Mahmud Shefket, the new Turkish Minister for War, will retain the Chief Command of the Army, doing away with the division of authority and strengthening Government. The situation of the new Ministry is nevertheless most difficult. There is much discontent, even in the Army, with an occult rule of the Committee of Union and Progress and much intriguing among politicians.

COLONIAL APPOINTMENTS.

LONDON, JANUARY 12.

Captain Cordeaux has been appointed Governor of Uganda and Colonel Sir W. Manning Commissioner of Somaliland.

THE LISBON CONSPIRACY.

King's Life not Threatened.

LONDON, JANUARY 12.

Lisbon telegrams state that an enquiry shows that there is no conspiracy against the King's life. The organisation which has been discovered consists of revolutionary clubs dating from Franco's time.

THE ISSUE OF TREASURY BILLS.

LONDON, JANUARY 12.

Tenders for the issue of four millions two-monthly Treasury Bills amounted to £8,741,000. Tenders at £99-9-6 receive about ten per cent. of the amount applied for, and above that, in full.

CHINESE NAVAL COMMISSIONERS.

Visit to Russia.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

The Chinese Naval Commissioners have left Berlin for St. Petersburg.

Liangcheng, in an interview in Berlin, said China's future fleet was intended not as the instrument of world policy but as a guarantee of peace in the Far East. "It is necessary to our development that all nations should help us. China does not aspire to Dreadnoughts, but will begin with cruisers."

THE MANCHURIAN RAILWAYS.

German Attitude.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

Reuter's correspondent in Berlin learns that Germany has expressed general agreement with Mr. Knox's Manchurian proposal in the same sense as Britain. Government circles in Berlin, however, believe that it will be a long time before a settlement is reached.

NEW ITALIAN APPOINTMENTS.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

Signor Carletti, formerly a Governor of Italian Somaliland, has been appointed Minister to Teheran. Signor Giacomo De Martino, former Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has been appointed Governor of Somaliland.

THE CANADIAN NAVY.

Provision Criticised.

THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

Ottawa telegrams state that Sir W. Laurier yesterday, introduced the Naval Defence Bill providing for a permanent force, reserve force and volunteer force and for the early construction of a fleet of five cruisers, and six destroyers. Three million dollars will be expended in 1910. In case of emergency the fleet will be placed at the disposal of His Majesty.

Asked to define "an emergency," Sir W. Laurier replied "War anywhere."

The Conservative leader, Mr. Borden, said the response of Australasia in proportion to the population was seven times that of Canada whose proposals were too much for an experimental Navy and too little for immediate effective aid. The possibility of a war with Germany was very real, but even without war and without striking a blow German supremacy would mean the end of the Empire.

"Canada," he concluded, "will not fail in the day of trial to stand powerful and resolute in the forefront of the sister nations. It is her duty to provide a fleet with a unit of at least a 'Dreadnought' without delay."

OUR WORK IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD JANUARY 13.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent writes:—Lord Cromer, addressing the Classical Association on Ancient and Modern Imperialism, compared the achievements of non-imperialism with our work in India and Egypt. Whatever impoverishment India had suffered, he said, we had done more good than bad and our Government was inspired by beneficent intentions, such as never influenced the policy, either of Roman Imperialists or of indigenous Asiatic rulers. It was useless to hazard conjectures on the recent experiments in India. He was disposed to agree that our duty lay in reasonable development of self-governing principles. The consequences might include serious difficulty in governing India, but he altogether rejected the extreme consequence of a withdrawal from the country.

MISS JACOB'S MURDER CASE.

Accused Sentenced to Transportation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

At the High Court Criminal Sessions, before Mr. Justice Holmwood and a special jury, case in which Stuart James Forbes stood charged with the murder of Violet Constance Jacob and culpable homicide and attempt at suicide, was concluded this evening.

After evidence was recorded the Standing Counsel, addressing the Jury, observed that accused deliberately made up his mind to revenge himself and with that purpose he went to deceased with a loaded revolver. Counsel, for the accused, then addressed the Jury and said the accused was not of sound mind and at the time of the act there was sudden and grave provocation.

His Lordship summed up the case and the jury after an absence of ten minutes unanimously found the accused not guilty of murder, but guilty of culpable homicide with the intention to cause death and with an attempt at suicide.

His Lordship, in passing sentence, said:—"Stuart James Forbes, you have been found guilty by the unanimous verdict of the jury of an offence under section 304, clause 1 of the Indian Penal Code, namely, that you commited culpable homicide, not amounting to murder, with intention. The jury have, to my mind, taken a very merciful view of your case. You have also been found guilty of attempt to commit suicide. It will not be necessary to pass any separate sentence upon you for that offence, for the terrible crime of which you have been convicted, namely, killing this unfortunate girl, whom you have ruined. I feel it my duty to pass upon you the heaviest sentence which law allows. The sentence of the Court is that you should be transported for life."

A NOISY GIRL IN BOY'S CLOTHES.

Warned off the Police Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

Some sensation was caused this afternoon at the Police Court over the tussle between a constable and a young man. The constable was trying to secure his prisoner, but the latter made a desperate struggle to get free. A Sergeant immediately ran to the constable's rescue and laid hold of the lad who was placed before the Court.

Accused, who was a woman, dressed in man's clothes, is named Amadeen. She had been attending Court off and on for the past week in the garb of a man, wearing a dhoti and a black coat, and has been occupying her time in listening to cases. On this occasion she was quarrelling with two other persons when the constable warned her not to make noise and on her refusing to take heed he arrested her.

Accused cried bitterly in the dock and the Court, after warning her, told her to go.

COMING CONVOCATION AT CALCUTTA.

The Viceroy to Preside.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The annual Convocation of the Calcutta University will be held on the 12th March and the Viceroy will attend. This will be His Excellency's last appearance as Chancellor of the Calcutta University.

SALT CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

During the nine months, April to December 1909, the consumption of salt in India fell from 32,997 to 32,488 thousand maunds, but the revenue therefrom was better by twelve lakhs when compared with figures of the corresponding period of 1906.

THE NASIK OUTRAGE.

Police Court Proceedings.

PROTEST AT AHMEDNAGAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, JANUARY 13.

The trial of the seven accused, charged with the murder of the late Mr. Jackson, commenced to-day before Mr. Montgomerie, First Class Magistrate, Nasik. The evidence of Mr. Maruti Torodmal Pandurang, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Mr. Beyts, Civil Surgeon, Mr. Jolly, Assistant Collector, Mr. Khopkar, Deputy Collector, and Mr. Phalsikar, City Magistrate, who were present at the theatre on the night of the tragedy was recorded. Khan Bahadur Davar assisted by Mr. Sathe, the Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution. Mr. Guider of the Criminal Investigation Department and Mr. Cooke, District Superintendent of Police, were present and watched the proceedings. To-morrow being a holiday, the further hearing has been postponed till the 15th instant.

AHMEDNAGAR, JANUARY 12.

An influential public meeting of the citizens of Ahmednagar was held to-day in the Bagde Theatre to express their sense of deep regret and keen disgust at the recent cowardly outrage at Nasik. The Hon'ble Sardar Rao Bahadur Y. T. Mirikar presided. All the leading citizens of all communities, including Brahmin priests, attended. The first resolution condemned in strong terms the dastardly and cruel outrage at Nasik and expressed sympathy with Mrs. Jackson. The second declared that the perpetrators of such crimes and their abettors are not only moral reprobates, but outcastes, and recommended the heads of all religions to excommunicate such men and to enforce religious laws strictly in such cases. The third referred to the tendency of young boys to go astray, and appointed a Vigilance Committee of fourteen leading citizens to guard against the evil and to watch the moral well-being of the younger generation. Copies of the resolutions were sent to the Governor, the Commissioner, Central Division, and the Collector of Ahmednagar.

LAHORE, JANUARY 13.

A public meeting was held at Campbellpur under the presidency of Sardar Charat Singh, District Judge, to express abhorrence at the shocking murder of Mr. Jackson and at the life of Mr. Sykes, Deputy Commissioner, Umballa, by placing a bomb in his kothi (house). The meeting expressed sympathy with the unfortunate gwala who picked up the bomb and made a present of Rs. 30 to him.

A long official list is published. "With reference to Government Resolution dated 5th January, regarding the murder of Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, I.C.S.," naming the telegrams, letters and resolutions received from associations and individuals condemning the crime and expressing sympathy for Mrs. Jaakson.

A Suggestion.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the excitement caused by the tragic outrage at Nasik is subsiding, and we are in a state coolly and collectedly to set about the discovery of a panacea which would radically cure the disease that has overtaken, what is termed by Mr. Natarajan, as the body politic of Indians, may I throw out the following suggestion?

Looking to the diversity of views prevailing in various quarters it is difficult to discuss this subject through the medium of newspapers. I think, therefore, that leading men from the different districts of this Presidency should meet in a conference held, say in Bombay, at an early date, and there devise plans for eradicating anarchy (this plant of exotic growth) from our peaceful, peace-loving country.—Yours, etc.,

DADIBA J. MEHTA.

Ahmedabad, January 12.

THE CRIMES ACT.

Extending to the Whole of India.

SEDITIOUS MEETINGS TO BE STOPPED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

A *Gazette of India* Extraordinary just issued has the following notice in pursuance of Section 1, Sub-section (2), of the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act (VI of 1907):—

"The Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to notify that the said Act shall have operation in the Presidency of Madras, the Presidency of Bombay, the Province of Bengal, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Province of the Punjab and the Central Provinces.

"In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 1 Sub-section (2) 2 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act (XIV of 1908), the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to extend the whole of the said Act to the Presidency of Madras, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab and the Central Provinces.

"In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction)—Order in Council, 1902, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to apply Sections 1 to 7 of the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act (VI. of 1907) to Berar and to declare that the said sections of the said Act shall have operation throughout Berar; provided that for the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of the said Act, any Court having jurisdiction within Berar may construe them with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adopt them to the matter before the Court.

In exercise of the powers, conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council 1902, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to apply the Criminal Law Amendment Act XIV of 1908) to Berar and declare that the said Act shall have operation throughout Berar; provided that all references to the "Local Government" and to the "High Court" in the said Act, shall be construed as referring to the Chief Commissioner, and the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces respectively.

BLOCK ON THE RAILWAYS.

Heavy Cotton Traffic.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JANUARY 12.

The block in cotton traffic has greatly affected the Hyderabad Railway as acutely as the G. I. P. Railway. At Jalna, Nanded, Parbani and Aurangabad several thousands of bales have been left waiting for want of waggons.

The military requirements of Aurangabad and Jalna which have kept engaged about 250 carts have accentuated the pressure. The Traffic Department is, however, doing their best to relieve the block, but until the G. I. P. Railway authorities relieve the Manmad side, the Hyderabad Railway find it extremely difficult to cope with the congestion.

NEW UNIVERSITY RULES.

The following rules will be considered at the meeting of the Senate on Saturday, January 25th:—

BACHELOR OF HYGIENE.

The Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene will be held annually in Bombay commencing on the Thursday following the fourth Monday in November.

No Candidate shall be admitted to this Examination unless he has passed not less than a year previously the Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery of this University or of any University recognised by this University or taken the Degree of Licentiate of Medicine or of Licentiate of Medicine and Surgery of this University and unless he produces satisfactory testimonials to the following effect:—

That after passing any of the Examinations mentioned above—

(a) he has attended during a period of six months courses of Practical Laboratory Instruction in (1) Chemistry, (2) Bacteriology, (3) Animal Parasitology (including the life history of those animals concerned in the transmission of diseases to man) and (4) the Pathology of those Diseases of Animals that are transferable to man, (1)

(b) he has during six months (of which at least three months shall be distinct and separate from the period of the above Laboratory Instruction) been diligently engaged in acquiring a practical knowledge of the duties, routine and special, of Public Health Administration under the supervision of an approved Health Officer. (2)

(c) he has attended during three months the practice of a Hospital for Infectious Diseases of at least 50 beds at which opportunities are afforded for the study of Clinical instruction in Infectious Diseases and methods of Administration.

Candidates must apply to the Registrar two months before the Examination.

Each Candidate must pay to the Registrar a fee of Rs. 50 for Parts I and II taken together or Rs. 30 for each part if taken separately. A receipt will be given.

The Examination will be held in two Parts, both of which may be passed at the same time or each separately, Part I first and Part II afterwards. If any Candidate taking both parts together passes in Part I or Part II, he will be exempted from that part of the Examination in which he has passed.

"Part I" which will consist of two papers and a Practical Examination in the Laboratory work and a "viva voce" Examination will have reference to the General Principles of Sanitary Science and will comprise the following subjects:—

The elements of Chemistry, Physics and Geology, methods of chemical analysis, and in particular the analysis of air and water, including a knowledge of the interpretation of results. The laws of heat and the elements of pneumatics, hydrostatics and hydraulics, in their application to warming, ventilation, water-supply and drainage. The geological and other conditions determining the healthiness of sites for dwellings, sources, storage and purification of water-supply. The elements of Meteorology in relation to health, meteorological instruments, their construction and use. Principles of building constructions in their application to dwellings, factories hospitals and schools. The disposal of sewage and refuse and the general principles of Sanitary Engineering. The reading and interpretation of Geological and Ordinance Survey Maps. Disinfestants, their chemical and bacteriological efficiency and use. Dietetics and the chemical and microscopical examination of foods, and the detection of the commoner forms of adulterations. The methods of bacteriological investigation and analysis. The bacteriology of air, water, food and soil. Animal parasitology and life history and recognition of those animals concerned in the transmission of disease to man. The general pathology of infection and of the diseases of animals that are transmissible to man. Nature of immunity and protection from infectious diseases.

Part II which will consist of two papers and a Practical Examination in and reporting on subject connected with out-door sanitary work and a "viva voce" Examination will have reference to State Medicine and applications of Pathology and Sanitary Science and will comprise the following subjects:—

Laws and statues relating to public health. (2) The Model by-laws of the local Government Board and Regulations for prevention of Plague, Cholera, and Yellow Fever. Sanitation of dwellings, schools, factories and workshops and of villages and towns. Inspection of slaughter houses, cow sheds etc Inspection of meat and other articles of food, General epidemiology with special reference to the origin, pathology, symptoms, propagation, geographical distribution, and prevention of the epidemic, endemic and other infectious diseases; both of temperate and tropical climates. The methods applicable to the medical investigation of epidemics. Effects on health of overcrowding, vitiated air, impure water, polluted soils and bad or insufficient food. Unwholesome trades and occupations and the diseases to which they give rise and the prevention of nuisances arising therefrom. Nuisances injurious or dangerous to health. Nature and origin of parasitic diseases. The effects on health of season and climate. Duties of sanitary authorities and their officers. The principles and methods of vital statistics in relation to public health.

The Degree will not be conferred until both parts of the Examination have been passed.

As soon after the conclusion of the Examination as may be practicable the Examiners shall report whether the Candidates have passed or failed.

A Certificate will be given to those who pass the Examination.

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE.

IN SANITARY SCIENCE.

The Examination for the Degree of Doctor of Medicine in Sanitary Science will be held annually in Bombay commencing on the fourth Monday in November.

The examination is open only to such candidates as have passed at least two years previously the examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene of this University or a similar examination of any other University accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto.

No Candidate shall be admitted to this Examination unless he produces certificates to the following effect:—

(a) of having attended an Advance course of at least 30 lectures in Public Health given by an approved Health Officer (4) or an approved Professor of Hygiene (5)

(b) of having attended since his obtaining the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene out-door and in-door work of a Medical Officer of Health for one year under the supervision of an approved Health Officer, or of having been employed for at least one year as Health Officer of a town of not less than 30,000 inhabitants.

Each Candidate must also produce testimonials signed by at least two Doctors of Medicine or Masters of Surgery showing that he is in habits and character a fit and proper person for the Degree of Doctor of Medicine.

Candidates must apply to the Registrar two months before the Examination. ('Vide' Form).

Each Candidate must pay to the Registrar a fee of Rs. 100, for which a receipt will be given.

The Examination will be conducted as follows:—

(i) Public Health—Three papers and a Practical and an Oral Examination.

(a) Sanitation and Sanitary Medicine—Two papers.

(b) Practical Sanitation including Sanitary Engineering in relation to Public Health and Vital Statistics—One paper.

(ii) Sanitary Laws of England and India—One paper and an Oral Examination.

Candidates will be required to show a competent knowledge of Sanitary Science in all its branches. The scope of the Examination will be fuller than that for the Degree of Bachelor of Hygiene and will also include legislative measures concerning food stuffs and control of the same in different countries; preservation of food; food during famine and effects on health; Practical Sanitation including Sanitary Engineering; Personal Hygiene; clothing; physical education; Hygiene of childhood and School Hygiene; Hygiene of traffic; Hygiene of markets, fairs, famine camps, etc.; Marine Hygiene; Professional Hygiene and care of Working Classes; Demography geography of infectious diseases; History of previous epidemics and lessons taught by them.

Candidates will be required to solve Sanitary problems involving Mathematics up to the Standard of previous Examination in Arts and use of Logarithms.

On the third Monday after the commencement of the Examination the Examiners shall report whether the candidates have failed or passed, or passed with distinction.

A Certificate will be given to those who pass the Examination.

(1) The Laboratories recognised for the above course are:—

i. Grant Medical College Laboratories.

ii. Bombay Municipal Laboratory (for Chemical purposes only).

iii. Government Laboratory, Parel (for Bacteriology, Parasitology and Pathology only).

iv. Veterinary College, Parel (for Bacteriology, Parasitology and Pathology only).

(2) The Health Officers approved at present by the Syndicate are the Health Officers of Bombay, Calcutta and Madras.

(1—2) The Laboratory Instruction and practical knowledge of Public Health Administration given in any part of the United Kingdom and approved by the General Medical Council of Education will be accepted

(3) Candidates will be examined in the provisions of the English statutes relating to public health, viz.—(i) The Public Health Act (1875); (ii) The Public Health Acts Amendment Act (1890); (iii) The Housing of the Working Classes Act (1890); (iv) Factory and Workshops Act (1901), and the following Acts of Bombay:—

(a) Municipal Act of Bombay (1888) amended in 1906.

(b) Epidemic Diseases Act, Bombay.

(c) Municipal Act relating to towns in the Bombay Presidency.

(d) Factory and Workshop Act (Government of Bombay).

(4) The Health Officers approved at present by the Syndicate are the Health Officers of Bombay, Calcutta and Madras.

(5) The Professors of Hygiene approved at present by the Syndicate are the Professors of Hygiene at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, Medical College of Bengal, Calcutta, and Medical College, Madras.

INSPECTION OF VOLUNTEERS.

Major-General Grey's Appreciation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

MADRAS, JANUARY 12.

At Arkonam, where the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Volunteers, are in camp, Major-General Grey, Inspector-General of Volunteers, presented Long Service medals to Sergeant-Major S. Best, 2nd Battalion, South Staffordshire Regiment; Sergeant-Inspector E. Simpson, 2nd Battalion, Cheshire Regiment; Colour-Sergeant R. Binny, "2" Company, J. Jansen, "B." Company, and "C." Company, and "H." Company of the Volunteer Corps. The Inspector-General pinned the medals; inquiring of each man his length of service and also shaking hands. The Inspector-General, before leaving camp, expressed the great pleasure it had given him to inspect the Corps. He was well satisfied with the work done and would submit a "first class report of his inspection." Major-General Grey has proceeded to the neighbouring camp of S. I. R. Volunteers.

SECUNDERABAD, JANUARY 12.

Major-General Grey, Inspector-General of Volunteers, accompanied by his A.-D.-C. Captain Shaw, 1st Ghurkas, arrived at Secunderabad last evening. He was met by Lieutenant-Colonel Pendlebury, Commanding the Corps and Adjutant O. R. L. Hampden. He inspected the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles at 9-30. At Lalguda camp 180 officers, non-commissioned officers and men paraded with great credit as they mustered at short notice. The men set to working at the entrenchments, defence obstacles, transport work, and block house construction. Mounted and cyclist section formed outposts line for two miles in front of the camp.

The Inspector-General minutely examined the work in progress, as it was conducted according to the new scheme of training. He rode to the outposts and questioned the men on their duties. He eulogised the work of the mounted men and cyclists. He also inspected the armoured train, details of which were explained by Major George. A battalion with band formed the quarter column and the Inspector-General passed down the ranks. Another battalion formed a column of routes and marched passed the Inspector-General. At the conclusion of the parade, the Inspector-General expressed his appreciation of the efficiency and keenness of the men for fight. The number present at the parade was not large, as the Corps was scattered for the busy season, however, there was an excellent turn out.

At the Volunteer parade, the officers present, were Lieutenant-Colonel Pendlebury, Major Duxbury, Major George, Hon. Major Cooney, V.D., Captain Puzey, V.D., Captain Pile, Lieutenants Watts, and Ruddle, and Second-Lieutenants Mun and Crighton. Amongst the staff present were Captain Hampden, Adjutant Surgeon; Captain Henderson, the Sergeant Instructors, Surgeant-Major Burnett, Sergeants Saunders, Sweeting and Shaw.

ASSAULT BY A RAILWAY SERVANT.

Accused Fined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 12.

Mr. Aga Begg, Honorary Magistrate, Assansole, disposed of on Tuesday a case in which a ticket collector, Dowry, attached to Assansole, stood charged with causing unprovoked assault on an Indian gentleman named Makhanlall Biswas. It was said that on the 2nd ultimo the complainant, with intent to proceed to Allahabad by the Bombay mail, had purchased a third-class ticket, but there being no accommodation he requested the accused to get him an inter-class ticket and offered the difference of fare. Upon this the ticket-collector got enraged, dashed him on the platform with the result that his wristbone was sprained. He then complained to the Assistant Station-master, who removed him to the Assansole Railway Hospital, where the bone was set right. The Court, after hearing both sides, convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 150, ordering that out of the fine, when realised, Rs. 120 should be paid to the complainant.

ALL INDIA MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Branch Formed for Bengal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

With the object of forming an association, for the protection of the interests of medical men in India, and also of advancing the interests of medical science, a Conference of the leading doctors in Calcutta was held yesterday. After mature deliberation it was resolved to form at once a Bengal Branch of the All India Medical Association.

The objects, for which the Association is established, are the promotion of medical science and the maintenance of the honour and the protection of the interests of the medical profession in India, by aid of all or any of the following:—(a) By periodical meetings of the Association and of the profession generally; (b) by the publication of a journal, transactions and other papers: (c) by such other lawful means as are conductive to the above objects.

A provisional Committee consisting of distinguished medical men in Calcutta was formed.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

The Financial Statement.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Council Hall yesterday afternoon, Mr. Jaffer Rahimtulla, the President, occupying the chair.

Discussion on the budget was resumed and Sir Bhalshandra Krishna said that he did not object to the Standing Committee and the Commissioner thought it advisable to raise the taxation when the expenditure was increased and no other sources could be found to meet the same. For a number of years Sir Bhalchandra was on the Committee and he knew it was the intention of the Committee and the Commissioner to reduce the taxes and try to remove the octroi duty. They succeeded in their efforts and the taxation was reduced and duty on grain was materially reduced. He thought it would bear very harshly, exceedingly harshly on poor people if duty on grain was allowed to remain at a high rate as was proposed. Again he did not see any reason why the item of Rs. 150,000 should be allowed to remain in the budget when the grain compensation was abolished in last December and yet the amount appeared in the budget under that head. He averred that from their experience of the past years they could come to the conclusion that in the revenue figures an increase of three lakhs of rupees would be found.

The Commissioner asked if Sir Balchandra could point out under what heads an increase of income to the extent of three lakhs would be found.

Sir Bhalshandra could not detail the heads but he said that the income from general tax would be more than was estimated and some more income could be made under other heads, which, of course he could not definitely point out.

The Commissioner remarked that if Sir Bhalchandra would only see the figures for revised estimates and actuals of the past years' budget, he would find that his remarks were not justified.

Sir Bhalchandra admitted he had not seen those figures but he submitted that if the Standing Committee took up the same strong position as the Committee did some years ago, they would not have to face such a budget.

Mr. A. K. Leslie said: I have read the speech of the Chairman of the Standing Committee made when introducing the budget to us last Monday, and have been somewhat at a loss to understand the adverse criticisms it invoked from subsequent speakers. I have not risen, however, to take up any cudgels on behalf of Sir Sasseon David, for I am perfectly well aware he is fully competent to look after himself. But although he gave us a fairly full exposition of the situation, I think it may be useful if I attempt to throw some additional light on certain items from my own point of view. I will first deal with our opening balance which is estimated to be Rs. 3,70,000 only. The legal minimumjis Rs. 1 lakh, so we are well over the minimum. But when we consider that this sum of Rs. 3,70,000 represents the average obligations of the Corporation for some 12 days only, I regard it as insufficient. Indeed I would go further and venture the opinion that it would be wise to regard anything below the equivalent of a whole month's average expenditure, say 8 to 9 lakhs as inadequate. And until we have regained a balance of this magnitude, I feel it will be imperative to exercise the greatest possible husbanding of our resources. I must confess that I do not altogether understand what this "Surplus Cash Balance" really means. To many members of the Corporation as also to outsiders, it may be taken to represent the difference between our current obligations and our current assets. In fact that it is a balance available after providing for all our obligations and all our good assets on the date on which it appears and is therefore a true surplus. But that so far as I can understand is exactly what it is not. Our method of keeping accounts is not one which most of us are accustomed to, in so far as in arriving at our balance we do not throw into the account all the obligations and all the assets accrued but not realized on the date of striking the balance. For instance each year's budget provides for the interest on our loans for the years, but it fails to bring into the account all the items of interest which actually appertain to the period. Now we all know that interest is not payable in advance and that the interest on our Debentures is paid half-yearly for the six months that have gone. On the 1st April, every year, we have to make a heavy payment for interest, covering the six months up to the 31st March. But because the 1st April opens our financial year, and because our budget runs from the date we make the obligation belong to the new year instead of to the one which closed on the 31st March. We have other interest payable on the 1st July and covering six months, but three months of it clearly belongs to the year ending the 31st March, yet you will fail to find any provision for it, and the whole thing is dealt with in the budget of the year in which it is actually paid. On the other or income side of the account we have outstanding balances of uncollected revenue which are also not incorporated in the accounts. Year by year such balances vary and the revenues, therefore, shewn year by year do not actually represent the income of the Municipality. I hope I have said enough to make it clear that whatever the Surplus Cash Balance is, it is not an actual surplus balance. The system we have adopted is, I believe, known as the "Payments in and payments out" system. I think it has but little to commend it and that it would be far more business-like were we to keep our accounts practically in the same way as a Joint Stock Company would keep its accounts, that is, on a Liabilities and Assets basis with everything brought into the account up to the date of the closing of it. You will recollect the story of the lady who complained to her husband of her Bankers because they had advised her of an over draft. She wanted to know what they meant by saying she had no money when she still had 10 cheques left in her cheque book. The Corporation has its cheque book, but the balance it has to draw on is not what it is taken to be. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta read us some figures showing the increase in Municipal expenditure during the past 45 years. It has trebled itself in the period. But in the few figures I propose to give you I will come nearer home. I think it will be convenient to compare 1900-01 with the budget estimate we are considering for just 10 years later. You will remember that 1900-01 was the year in which the Improvement Trust started work. It is, I know, an institution at which a good many fingers if not fists are shaken. But even if it has incidentally helped to swell our expenses, it, on the other hand, has undoubtedly helped enormously to swell our resources. In 1900-01 the General Tax was at its maximum of 12 and the Rateable Assessment chargeable with General Tax stood at Rs. 250 lakhs. The General Tax, it is now proposed, to increase to 10 1-8 per cent. on a rateable assessment which stands at Rs. 432 lakhs. The increase, therefore, in the Assessment or Rateable Wealth of the City has gone up by Rs. 182 lakhs or no less than 73 per cent. in the 10 years. It means a ratio of advance far in excess of anything which has occurred before, and the bulk of it has been brought about by the operations for the Improvement Trust. I hope that Councillors will not forget this fact. Turning to the expenditure side of the account, I find that the total has increased from Rs. 86 lakhs in 1900-01 to an estimate of Rs. 117 lakhs in 1901-11, or approximately 36 per cent, the difference being 31 lakhs increase. There is no doubt this is a very considerable and serious increase, for it means that it more than swallows up the whole of the increased income derived from the augmentation in the Rateable Assessment. 16 per cent. on this is only just over Rs. 18 lakhs, so there is a difference of nearly 13 lakhs to be provided for.

I am not prepared to make any suggestions with the object of reducing expenses. I do not see how any Councillor can, in his private capacity and without watching and following the various items in the manner open to the members of the Standing Committee, make any really useful or helpful suggestions to this end. Much must rest with the Executive Officers and spending departments and we have to trust them. I hope that all Officers under the Commissioner have been enlightened as to the necessity of economy now and always, that they are invited to help in applying the pruning shears, and that recommendations from them with this object are carefully considered. Anyway I am fully convinced, we must individually and collectively do all that we possibly can to nurse the City's finances. The proposal so frequently brought forward and carried to make payments from Surplus Cash Balances must be things of the past, and I hope that the alteration in the method of keeping our accounts will be an accomplished fact in the near future. Referring to the remarks of Sir Bhalchandra on the hardship the re-imposition of the Town duty on firewood of two annas per candy may impose on the poor, I am informed by one of the staff here that in his family of 7 persons he uses 1 candy of wood per month and pays annas 7 for it plus 2 for cutting it up. I hav

no doubt that this expenditure of fuel is in excess of that obtaining amongst poor people. That even on this basis it only works out at about 3 pies per head per mensem, and I do not think this can be regarded an excessive.

Mr. Manmohandas Ramji generally agreed with the remarks of the Chairman of the Standing Committee and after quoting figures said that the expenditure had increased and that there were no other means of meeting the same without increasing the taxation.

Dr. Jehangir J. Curseiji did not agree with Sir Bhalchandra. He supported an increase under primary education charges as education of the poor was the best means of improving their sanitary condition and no greater advantage to public health could be achieved than by the spread of primary education. Alluding to the compromise with Government he submitted that the maintenance of hospital and primary education was a duty of the Corporation, and by undertaking to bear the whole burden of these charges, the Corporation did a wise thing as it relieved them of the police charges which also had recently increased in large proportion.

Mr. Sorabji Dhondy observed that if the Standing Committee had not presented a budget in a satisfactory form, the fault lay with the members of the Corporation, because they had appointed them. With regard to the increase of duty and taxation, he did not think it would bear harshly on any one, because it was but fair that people should pay for the comforts and luxuries they enjoy.

Mr. A. M. Tod generally agreed with the explanation offered by the Chairman of the Standing Committee. He also was in accord with Sir Pherozeshah about the expenditure which had increased with the growth of the city, but that increase required to be properly examined and scrutinized. But he was told four years ago by Mr. George Kittridge who had lived for a long time in the city that no town in America had grown so fast as Bombay. If the expenditure were increased in due proportion of the growth of the city they must not grumble. With regard to the item of Rs. 1,50,000 under grain compensation head, he observed that they had abolished it because Government had stopped the allowance. But they did not know whether they should not have some trouble in future over it like Calcutta. The minimum cash balance was fixed by Government in 1888. It was quite under the circumstances which then existed. The total revenue was then 55 lakhs, but it had increased by cent. per cent. and therefore the present closing balance could not be called a large one.

Mr. D. E. Wacha then spoke at some length. The speeches, he said, made by various members at the last meeting and that afternoon showed that members were taking keenest interest in budget discussion. Whenever there was proposed an increase in the taxation, the members seemed to take very great interest and he thought that the effects produced by the discussion was bound to guide them as to what form the budget should take in future. Mr. Leslie had suggested mercantile system of keeping accounts, while the Municipality had adopted the Government system. The latter was faulty. Mr. Leslie's suggestion were appropriate and in accordance with sound financial principles. Mr. Wacha himself had suggested several times as to the form in which the budget should be submitted to the Corporation, and some columns were added at his suggestion. There was still room for improvement, but they should wait at the present time, and under the present circumstances he would not oppose an increase in the taxation, but he did say that they should approach the Government of India through the Provincial Government and get the whole system of taxation revised. The taxation must be so evenly balanced as not to become a burden on one particular class or section of the people.

SIR SASSOON DAVID'S REPLY.

Sir Sassoon J. David, replying on the debate, said:—We have had very lively speeches on the budget and the shafts of criticism directed against the Finance Committee of the Corporation, and the Executive will, at this time of elections, disabuse the minds of the ratepayers of any doubts they may have had as to the lethargy of their representatives concerning the financial administration of the City. At the onset I should like to clear a misunderstanding. Some of the members appear to have been under the impression, and my friend the Hon'ble Sir Pherozshah particularly, that I attempted to absolve the Executive and the Standing Committee from all responsibility in regard to the growth of our expenditure and tried to transfer all liability to the Corporation as being the body possessing the power of the purse. I have said nothing of the kind and if you will allow me to repeat the very words I then used, you will see that I have been wholly misunderstood. These, Sir, were my words:—

"No doubt the budget does not present to you such a bright picture of our financial position as you have been fortunate in getting in the past few years. But if you expected such a picture and if you are disappointed the fault is yours and not the Executive's, nor the Standing Committee's?". All that I meant was that in view of the forecast of our position already presented to you by the Standing Committee, in its review of the administration reports of the previous years, and the speeches of my predecessors in office, Messrs. Baptista and Manmohandas, there is nothing extraordinary in the situation you have now to face. There was no intention whatsoever of disowning responsibility and after all, what is there to so frighten the Standing Committee out of its wits or me as its Chairman as to impel us to shirk responsibility? Are we bankrupts? Have we not fully provided for all our debts and do we not yet possess the capacity to borrow a crore if we like? Have we tapped all the resources of our revenue to the full extent and reached the maximum? Do we not yet at present possess a reserve of three per cent. of the General Tax which means 15 lakhs if we require the amount? Or is it the mere growth in expenditure that is supposed to unnerve the Finance Ministers of the Corporation? Expenditure which we have deliberately and cheerfully raised to satisfy the growing wants of this progressive City. Sir Pherozshah said he expected something more from a business man like myself than a mere statement of our requirements and the specific proposals to increase taxation to meet the liabilities. Well, Sir, to a business man nothing is more repugnant than needless waste of time. I could no doubt have gone into fuller details and indeed I felt even tempted to do so, but I thought this was an occasion when a concise exposition of the present situation was necessary and that a survey of the past or a prospect for the future might only confound the issues and raise a dust of controversy on questions not quite relevant. Mr. President, full particulars about each item of expenditure for the ensuing year as well as of the preceding years are given in the budget and the salient features of the estimates are conspicuously brought to notice in the prefatory remark made by the Commissioner and the Standing Committee. I therefore did not like to go over the same ground or to give you at this stage a profitless dissertation in justification of our policy or to ramble on economics. Figures showing the rapid growth of our expenditure were read out by Sir Pherozshah. He should thank the Standing Committee for giving him the table from which he got the figures. It is the Committee who thought it right that the Corporation should know the rates at which its income and expenditure were progressing at each stage and got a complete table embodied in its Review of the Administration Report for the year 1907-08 and the Chief Accountant has thenceforth continued to present the returns in the Annual Reports. You will, therefore, see that as desired by Sir Pherozshah the Standing Committee has already kept its finger on the rate of increase. The only difference is that while it has not failed to perceive the rapid rise and the necessity to keep it under control, it has not been so alarmed by it as some of my colleagues on this board seem to be. Development of cities demands increased Municipal activities and where cities have grown the cries of vast increases in expenditure have not been uncommon. Sir Pherozshah himself has recognised this and I have only to add that it is the annual rise in our revenue. I wish Sir Pherozshah had read out those figures also that encouraged us to broaden the scope of our activities. Had we so chosen we could have reduced our income and cut down our expenditure. Nothing so easy. But is that the ideal that is proposed to be placed before us? Or are we to get what we can without unduly affecting the ratepayers and wisely spend it for the common good? Enhanced expenditure incurred in the best interests of the city ought to rejoice every member of the Corporation. The more we get and spend on dispelling the darkness of ignorance from the masses, on protecting the poor from disease, relieving them from squalor and misery and elevating their social condition and on providing comforts and amusements to the rich as well as the poor, the greater must be our gratification and I for one feel proud of the growth in our expenditure, directed as it is, to those ends. If you think we can do all this with economy, if you believe there is leakage anywhere—and I admit there is bound to be some leakage in all large concerns—by all means take steps to prevent that leakage. But that is a question to be considered by itself and not while providing for the particular requirement of a year. The provision for grain compensation has given rise to much discussion. After this provision was made the allowance has no doubt been discontinued. It is therefore contended that the provision made for the next year be eliminated, but there is no knowing when we may have to renew the allowance. If prices go up again and our employees deserve relief, are we to resort to the expedient of voting additional budget grant and that too from our depleted balance? Again on the assumption that the necessity for renewing grain compensation will not arise, it has been proposed that the General Tax be reduced by half a per cent. Now the grant for grain compensation is Rs. 1,50,00,00 Half a per cent. of the General Tax brings in nearly two lakhs and a quarter. If therefore you reduce it at all it can be by a quarter or one-third per cent. only. But I put it to you, Gentlemen, is it fair, is it wise, is it politic, is it sound financing to tinker with this staple source of your revenue from year to year in this fashion? In one breath we deplore the necessity to raise this tax soon after reduction and in another we propose to do what will give rise to the same necessity. Let us now like pratical men attempt to place the General Tax at a figure beyond which we may not have to take it for a reasonable period.

Mr. President, I won't detain the house any longer. Remarks of all sorts have been poured on the devoted head of the Standing Committee. As its Chairman, I can only say that every member of the Committee is as much imbued with the desire to do good by the City as any one on this Board and that no greater compliment can be paid to that body and the Commissioner than that while enough of destructive criticism has been levelled against it, no attempt has been made to construct the budget framed by the Committee in any other way.

The Corporation then proceeded to discuss the budget item by item, and adjourned to Thursday next at 3-40 p. m.

THE ALLAHABAD EXHIBITION

Opened by Sir J. Hewett.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JANUARY 13.

With the exception of the vast concourse of pilgrims, generally illiterate villagers, nothing of any importance happens in this city to break the monotony, arouse interest and quicken activities of people of this district. The opening of the Allahabad District Exhibition, the first exhibition ever held in Allahabad, was performed by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, and marks a new era in the history of this place and no doubt, will create an interest in the people, and, stimulate their activities. The Hon'ble Pandit Sunderlal, who read the address remarked that signs of decrease are visible in trade hitherto carried on in this city during Magh Mela and in order to give an impetus to trade the promoters of this Exhibition decided to hold it during the Magh Mela. Pandit Sunderlal observed that Allahabad is purely an agricultural district and the materials which hitherto this district used to send out are now being utilised.

His Honour began by saying that he was very glad that efforts are being made to improve cottage and home industry, but agriculture is the first and foremost thing and endeavour should be made to improve it. Regarding the reform scheme, His Honour said that new rules have been so framed as to admit people to a greater share in the administration of the country. Speaking of sports, he said it was very good, as experience teaches us that anything instructive must also be amusing. Lady Hewett, he regretted, was indisposed and could not be present, but she takes a great interest in Indian females and had been particularly struck with the fine and delicate needlework of Indian females and as patroness of ladies and children's group of provincial exhibition to be held in the cold weather of 1910-11 she would display a goodly collection of needle-work of Indian ladies and children.

Several districts of the United Provinces hold their Annual Exhibitions, but to have one exhibition for each district—and there are 48 of them—would, His Honour said, form a startling proposal, but Allahabad with its central position and lying between two largest cities of the Indian Empire might with advantage, he said, hold an annual exhibition. He concluded by declaring the exhibition open and was shown all the nice and interesting collections.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY A ZAMINDAR.

Charge by a Calcutta Jeweller.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

Oscar Josephson, jeweller of Old Court House Street, applied to the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday for warrants of arrest against Hrishikesh Mukerjee, a zemindar of Hooghly District, and Ananda Lal Banerjee, his so-called Private Secretary, for having, as alleged, cheated him in respect of a gold watch, two diamond necklaces, and other articles, to the total value of about Rs. 10,000. The Magistrate granted the application and ordered the police to take cognisance of the case. Babu Hrishikesh Mukerjee is the son-in-law of the Maharaja of Kishengarh. Both accused were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate this afternoon, Mr. Swinhoe adjourned the case until the 19th instant and ordered both accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 15,000 each.

THE AMIR'S ARMY.

Training in English Tactics.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

News from Kabul states that the Amir is contemplating a scheme for the tactical training of his officers, and English books on military tactics are being translated for their use.

THE INDIAN CONGRESS.

Contribution to London Committee.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JANUARY 13.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the Indian Congress, it has been decided to send help out of the realisation of delegate fee to the British Congress Committee in London.

R. I. M. S. "NORTHBROOK."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 12.

The R. I. M. S. "Northbrook" is expected to arrive here from Karachi on Saturday with the 24th Hazara Mountain Battery under the command of Captain H. J. Cottar, R. A. The Battery is accompanied by 328, N. C. O's and men, 59 public and private followers. Among the other passengers on the "Northbrook" are Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. G. Bryan, new Commandant of the Royal Artillery for Rangoon in command. One section of the Mountain Battery will be despatched to Maymyo on the 10th instant.

THE LAHORE SEDITION CASE.

Manifesto against Anarchism.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JANUARY 13.

The "Punjabee" publishes to-day, three columns of comments to meet the charge of conspiracy against Lajpat Rai.

A manifest, signed by Salig Ram, proprietor, Aror Bans Press, and Ram Ditta Mail, book sellers, Lahore, has been issued which is posted on all thoroughfares in Lahore. It purports to be an appeal to the public to root out anarchism from the country. The manifesto reiterates the blessings of the British Rule which is a God-send and eulogises in the name of Shastras to desist from destroying human life and property.

Kishen Singh the accused in what is known as an "Bangar Bant" (divide and conquer) case has advanced the following reasons in mitigation of his conduct:—(1) That the book refers to the times of the East India Company and its criticism is not directed against the present Government; (2) that the book is passed in the Punjab public library, Lahore, and is accessible to all, and (3) that it is an historical book.

In the further hearing of the Sahayak case, Buta Singh, printer, said that he was absolutely innocent. He did not know even what a press was. He was a baker by profession and could only sign his name. He was made a bogus printer and publisher of the "Sahayak" The Government Advocate after making an enquiry, informed the Court that Buta Singh appeared to be a bogus proprietor of the "Rahnuma" press. The Court ordered that accused be released on bail on furnishing two sureties of Rs. 50 each and personal recognition of Rs. 100.

CHARGE OF CHEATING AGAINST A BOXER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

Jack Macauliff, a well known professional boxer of Calcutta, was placed before the Commissioner of Police, this morning, on a charge of cheating prefered by Mrs. Barett, of the Savoy Hotel, Waterloo Street. Early in December, it will be remembered, Macauliff advertised a boxing carnival to be held at the Volunteer Headquarters on December 4th, 7th, 9th, 11th, in consequence of which Mrs. Barett tender him Rs. 125 on the understanding that she would run the bar at the carnival. On the night of December 4th, however, Macauliff sent a note to the Volunteer Headquarters stating that he was ill and unable to attend with the result that the building was closed down for that evening. Before December 7th, the second night, of the advertised carnival, the refree, Mr. Rees, refused to act, and Macauliff, being unable to find a substitute, notified to the police and under the circumstances the contests that should have been held on December 7th, 9th and 11th, were prohibited. In consequence of this, Mrs. Barrett who in the meantime had obtained a special license and fitted up the bar entered a charge of cheating in respect of Rs. 125 which she advanced to Macauliff who was yesterday called upon to show cause. Macauliff appeared before the Commissioner when he asked for a month's grace in order to find the money. The charge of cheating was accordingly withdrawn, and he was given time till the 20th instant to settle the matter.

VICEREGAL ENGAGEMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The Countess of Antrim, Lady Alexandra Carrington and Miss Howard who have been guests of Their Excellencies at Government House, left by the Bengal-Nagpur Bombay Mail this afternoon en route home. There will be dinner parties at Government House on the 28th January and 8th and 14th February, a Purdah Party on the 2nd February, a dance on the 4th and a Garden Party on the 15th February.

Lady Eileen Elliot will present the prizes at the Dog Show on the afternoon of the 29th January.

IMPROVED RAILWAY EARNINGS.

Board Members' Tour.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The Railway earnings from April to December show a total receipts of Rs. 30,87,25,000 which is better than last year's by Rs. 1,60,000 and worse than the corresponding period, 1907-08, by over 33 lakhs.

Mr. Fenny, Member, Railway Board, proceeds early next month to Goa, Bangalore and Madras. Mr. Wood, Member, Railway Board, also inspects the Assam-Bengal Railway and Chittagong in few days' time and attends the opening of the Gauhati Railway extension by the Lieut.-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam on the 31st instant.

BURGLARY IN CALCUTTA.

Charge against a Mahomedan.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

At the Calcutta Police Court, to-day, a case of burglary was tried before Mr. N. C. Ghattack in which Mrs. Baker, wife of Sergeant Baker, of the Calcutta Police Reserve Force, charged a Mahomedan named Shaik Latiff. The complainant stated that on the night of the 26th ultimo she heard a noise of an almirah being opened in her room in Rovert's street. On looking round she saw a man and called out "eh kon hai," but no answer came. She jumped out of the bed and the man ran into the hall. She chased him and caught his "chuddar" and raised an alarm. He ran off when her husband came. The Sergeant gave chase and secured the man. The daughter of the complainant corroborated the statements. The case was adjourned.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

Mr. Wight Boycott, District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, on leave, is at his own request permitted to resign the services of Government from the 2nd February 1910.

The Railway Board have sanctioned the fitting of electric lights in three local trains on the Burma Railways.

The Railway Board have sanctioned the estimates of the cost of providing locomotives and rolling stock required for working the Palamau-Sitarampur branches of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Lieutenant B. R. Reilly, Tutor and Guardian to the minor Chief of Sangli, passed with credit an examination in Marathi, according to the Higher Standard, on the 7th December.

Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S., Magistrate, First Class, E. D., East Khandesh, is invested with power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes.

Mr. P. A. Kelly, Acting Superintendent of Police, Kaira, passed on the 7th December an examination in Gujarati according to the Higher Standard.

Mr. G. Leathem, I. C. S., on relief, to do duty as Assistant Judge, Ratnagiri.

Mr. A. H. M. Ostrehan to be District Superintendent of Police, Kaira.

Mr. R. H. Ingle to be District Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Mr. P. A. Kelly to act as District Superintendent of Police, Thana.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, B.A., LL.B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, during the absence on leave of Rao Bahadur Chunilal Havilal Setalvad or pending further orders.

Mr. C. J. Power, Deputy Superintendent of Police Poona, to be on special duty under Mr. J. A. Guider.

Mr. D. MacDonald to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Captain R. F. S. Beyts, 12nd Rajputana Infantry, to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate at Ahmedabad, in addition to his military duties, vice Major H. E. Lowis.

Mr. Raymond Barker to act as Fourth Grade Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Bahadur Jashanmal Kimmatrai, or pending further orders.

Mr. T. S. Greennaway, Fourth Grade Superintendent of Police, has been allowed an extension by one month and nineteen days of the extraordinary leave without pay granted.

The Hon'ble Major J. Jackson, I. M. S. Superintendent, Yeravda Central Prison, Poona, was granted study leave from the 15th April to the 19th June 1908.

Mr. C. N. Seddon, I. C. S., to be President of the Civil and Military Examination Committee vice Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, I. C. S., deceased.

Vice Mr. W. A. Talbot retired:—The Hon'ble Mr. Hugh Murray to be Conservator of Forests, First Grade; Mr. G. P. Millett to Conservator of Forests, Second Grade; and Mr. T. R. D. Bell to be Conservator of Forests, Third Grade.

Mr. R. L. Sinclair, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range, has been granted privilege leave for ten days, with effect from 4th January 1910, with permission to affix it to the Christmas holidays.

Mr. W. N. Neale to act as Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. L. Sinclair, or pending further orders.

The Reverend C. M. Barham, Acting Archdeacon of Bombay and Chaplain of Poona, to be Senior Presidency Chaplain, Bombay.

The Reverend H. L. Arnould, Garrison Chaplain at the Presidency, to be Chaplain of Poona.

The Reverend W. A. Sawtell to be Garrison Chaplain at the Presidency, as a temporary measure.

With effect from 27th November, vice Mr. C. H. Blathwayt, I. C. S., reverted as Second Assistant—Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., to be Supernumerary Assistant.

Mr. L. Robertson, I. C. S., to be Secretary to Government, General, Educational, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments, with effect from the 17th January.

Mr. R. Haines passed on the 6th December, 1909, an examination in Marathi according to the Departmental Standard.

His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer:—1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Captain Arthur Gutteridge Herbert.

Captain E. C. G. Maddock, M. B. I. M. S., has been granted privilege leave of absence for three months from the date of relief.

Mrs. C. D'Monte, b. M. and S., has been allowed an extension of furlough of medical certificate for six months.

Captain E. C. G. Maddock, M.B., I. M. S., to be a Civil Surgeon of the Second Class vice Lieutenant-Colonel T. D. Collis Barry, I. M. S., retired.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Jennings, M.D., D.P.H., I.M.S., on return from leave, to act as Health Officer of the Port of Bombay vice Lieutenant-Colonel J. Crimmin, V.C., C.I.E., I.M.S., proceeding on deputation, pending further orders.

Captain I. D. Jones, M.B., I.M.S., to act as Second Class Civil Surgeon Sholapur, pending further orders.

Madras Volunteer Guards.—Second-Lieutenant Charles Rowlatt Watkins is transferred to the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, dated 8th November.

With effect from 25th October, vice Mr. L Robert son, I. C. S., promoted—Mr. F. K. Boyd, I. C. S., to be First Assistant; Mr. V. M. Ferrers, I. C. S. to be Second Assistant.

With effect from 1st November vice Mr. G. W. Hatch, I. C. S., promoted.—Mr. C. V. Vernon I C S, to be first Assistant and Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., to be Second Assistant.

With effect from 12the November vice Mr. W. F. Hudson, I. C. S.. reverted.—Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., to be Supernumerary Assistant.

With effect from 24th November, vice Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I.C.S., appointed Commissioner of Police Bombay.—Mr. G. Monteath, I. C. S., to be First Assistant, and Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., to be Second Assistant.

Captain L. T. R. Hutchinson, M. A., M. D., B. C. (Cantab) I. M. S., Professor of Physiology, Histology and Hygiene at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, was on study leave from 14th October 1908 to 16th January 1909 and from 1st March to 31st August 1909.

Captain A. W. Tuke, F. R. C. S. I., I.M.S., was appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Nasik, in addition to his own duties, from the 25th September to the 15th October.

SUIT FOR MONEY BY A CHINAMAN.

Strange Oath Demanded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The third Judge of the Calcutta Small Cause Court had before him to-day a rather curious case brought by a Hong-Kong priest of a Chinese church against Ali Fookh, manager of a gambling den which was held in Chinese church. The suit was to recover Rs. 243 which was lent to defendant and a note alleged to be in the handwriting of defendant was given. Defendant denied his signature. The Church Manager was examined. Questioned if he would swear to the fact that defendant had received the amount as loan, the Manager said he would take the highest oath in China which was that of cutting particular bird's head off. Defendant and his witnesses also said that they would also swear by cutting a bird's head off after hearing both sides. The Judge reserved judgment.

PHOTOGRAPHER CHARGED WITH MISAPPROPRIATION.

Complainant Withdraws Prosecution.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JANUARY 13.

At the Presidency Court, Hyderabad, before Captain Raynde, Superintendent, Residency Bazar, R. Puplick, a European photographer, surrendered to his bail on a charge of alleged criminal breach of trust of Rs. 4,000 preferred against him by Mr. A. M. Walter, who had been in partnership in the photography business with the accused at Chudderghat. Mr. T. A. Iyengar, B.A., B.L., appeared for the accused. Counsel for complainant applied to the Court to allow the charge to be withdrawn. This led to a discussion on the power of the Court to grant the application, a warrant having been previously granted for the arrest of accused. It was ultimately decided to call complainant and he, in answer to his Counsel, said he did not wish to press the charge and would not call any witness. The Court at once ordered the accused to be discharged.

THE CINEMATOGRAPH BAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The editorial note that received place in the issue of your contemporary of the 11th instant, if analysed, shows that the Nurses first, and the patients of the Cama Hospital after them, have been made the ostensible object of special solicitude, while their interests are held to predominate over all other general public interest, bringing into play the Governmental fiat that went forth last year that the Maidan was no longer to be used by amusement companies. It is, however, hoped that wiser and more considerate counsels will yet prevail and that the influenses of reform will have the effect of causing our administrators to view that fiat now through lenses that will reflect the public view rather than the defective vision of those who are responsible for depriving the public of innocent amusement. It has been suggested that, amongst considerations more personal than general, the chief cause for proscribing places of public amusement from the Maidan is that the golf-ground is interfered with and if this be the fact, the fiat, has a distinctly selfish character, for while the number who benefit by the shows on the Maidan is disproportionately greater than the few who indulge in golf, it is a curious measure of administration that festers the aspirations of the comparatively infinitisimal section of the public who wish to indulge in a town area in a sport that all the world over finds its vantage-ground in the country. One has only to imagine the result of an attempt to provide a special golf-ground in the City of London. If, however, the influence that incurred the restriction be other than this and it has to be assumed that the orders of the Government were based on good grounds affecting public interests, it would be expedient for the Government to take the public into its confidence and state the cause or causes that made the restriction imperative until then, there is room for dissatisfaction and resentment with regard to a measure that proscribes the public from enjoying the amusement that, for instance, a circus affords, as well as the facilities for other equally innocent amusements, such as have hitherto had the sanction of custom and usage uninterruptedly so far back, at least, as the present generation can remember.

But your contemperary's protest is based on a distribe against music, which apparently, hath not "charms to soothe the savage breast," and is a condemnation of the large section of the community of all classes and creeds who enjoy the privilege of being able to participate in "al fresco" entertainments instead of being confined in buildings. If it be the desire of the Administration, as is proclaimed, both in and out of season, that the two communities should be brought together as much as possible, then there is no doubt that open-air entertainments—which appeal to all classes alike—is the most facile means of effecting that purpose, and when music forms a feature of such gatherings, its harmony may be calculated to produce a responsive echo certainly, not a discordant effect.

The Rink and the Cinematograph are the only places of public amusement that at present exist, which are within the means of all classes, the tariff ranging from four annas to two rupees, the latter giving the better class the opportunity to be exclusive if they so wish to be at the expense of the higher charge; and while these institutions are conducted, as they most undeniably are, in an orderly way with due regard to respectability, the Government should have no cause to regret that they are permitted to exist "pro bono publico," in fact, as a measure of administration suitable to the times on the broad basis of bringing the various communities together, they insidiously perform an excellent function and deserve special encouragement and protection against the hysterical shrieking of the very exceptional few who seek to place their personal whims above all general considerations affecting the common weal. The remarks of "we" of Hornby Road are misleading with regard to the music, in that while the Cinematograph String Band plays only for a few minutes at hourly intervals and finishes at 10 o'clock, the Rink band similarly plays at intervals and finishes at 11 o'clock. So that the limitations that flow from "the burning of the midnight oil" have no existence, and therefore the howl of the autocratic "we" becomes characteristic with its individuality.

It is, I think, much to be deplored that the Nurses have been made the objective of your contemporary's special consideration; these ladies may feel that they would prefer to be "saved from their friends," as I feel sure that they are conscious of the position of admiration and respect that they occupy in the public mind as "ministering angels," and it is not improbable that they resent the invasion of their dignity that these references to them as objects of solicitude imply; their profession is a self-imposed means of livelihood as well as of independence, while its character constitutes its own nobility, and it must be far from their wishes that Bombay should become a City of Mourning on their account. In fact, it is a pleasure to witness the pleasure these entertainments afford them.—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

THE NEW COUNCILS.

Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas has been nominated by His Excellency the Governor to be an Additional Member of the Legislative Council in place of Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey, Kt., whose resignation has been accepted.

Mir Allahbakshkhan Talpur has been elected to be an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General by the Landholders in the Presidency of Bombay, that is the Jagirdars and Zamindars of Sind.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JANUARY 12.

Mr. E. D. MacLagan takes over charge of Chief Secretary, Punjab Government, to-morrow, vice Mr. Fenton, appointed Member of the Viceroy's Council.

RUPEE COINAGE IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The statement showing the rupee coinage from April to December 1909 shows that rupees worth one crore and a half, were re-coined at Bombay and Calcutta. No fresh addition was, however, made to the rupee circulation.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 13.

The plague mortality in India is steadily increasing and during the last week total rose from 7,725 to 10,515 to which the United Provinces alone contributed Rs. 5,341. The Punjab had 1,431 deaths, the Central Provinces 1,198, Bengal 1,093, Bombay 886, Rajputans 273, Burma 109, Madras 70, Central India 14, and Kashmere 1. Chittagong reports one imported case.

SALE OF THE GOVERNMENT TRAWLER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JANUARY 13.

The Bengal Government Trawler "Golden Crown," which has been sold to the Hon'ble Chin Taong of Rangoon, arrived here this morning and the crew left by the s. s. "Lunka" for Calcutta in afternoon.

RIDING ACCIDENT TO COLONEL WILSON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JANUARY 13.

Colonel Wilson, who is at present on a visit to Calcutta, narrowly escaped a nasty accident this morning. Shortly after 8 o'clock the Colonel was riding round the racecourse when, in attempting to clear a set of hurdles, his horse came down throwing him violently to the ground. Assistance was promptly rendered and the officer who was badly shaken and bruised was conveyed to his tent on the maidan.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 88, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY HUNT.

YESTERDAY run with the Bombay hounds was conspicuous for the number of minor accidents that occurred; fortunately the majority of these were very slight although in one instance the result, it is feared, will mean the laying up of one of the most prominent horses across the country for some weeks. The meet was at Santa Cruz, near the kennels and a large field gathered there in the darkness of the early morning; the conditions were all that could be desired, the temperature being pleasantly cool with a fair amount of moisture. The Master decided to first visit the coverts beside the well known dry tank on the way to Parla where hounds were fortunate to discover a jackal that subsequently gave them a delightful morning's work travelling over nearly every description of the variegated Salsette country. With a great burst of music the pack drove the Jackal out on to the paddy fields and the field were treated to a brisk scamper over the bunds, past the White House, then over the Melon Ground and on until Chuckla Hill was crossed. Here hounds swung right handed through the Sahar coverts and emerging on to the Melon Ground crossed the pipe leaving Sahar village on the left. The fugitive led the way over the bunded country beyond, across the big nullah and eventually reached the Bandra creek opposite Coorla. He had been running in rather an undecided manner for some time and it was a question whether he intended to take to the water. Very fortunately he turned just at the edge of the creek and cleverly escaped through a rocky cutting and over a small inlet across which he was viewed swimming strong with hounds only a yard or two behind him. Having gained the opposite bank he seemed refreshed by the bath and set off at a fast pace towards Sahar. But the field had great difficulty in following owing to the treacherous nature of the ground which is very soft at this spot; by making a short detour some followers galloped round the end of the stretch of water, but the majority warily followed some courageous sportsman who tried his luck at what fortunately turned out to be a ford. Hounds were by this time well away and hard riding was necessary to get on terms with them again; the line lay parallel to the big nullah, but past Sahar the Jackal quickly turned left handed and then right again eventually crossing the Andheri road by the pipe line. Thence left handed the hunt continued at a good hunting pace over a nice stretch of country including the Grange bunds until the mango tope near Stacey's tank was reached where hounds seemed to be close up to their quarry; the jackal again altered his direction however and crossing the slopes of Sunday hill descended into the Marole valley only to climb the hill once a little later on and enter the Goregaum woods. The field by this time had become well spread out and for many it was a long stern chase down these pleasant grasslands. Hounds were however running very strongly and after forcing the fugitive to take shelter on the hill beyond that on which the caves are situated they bowled him over just at the foot of the hill on the Marole valley side.

So ended a most enjoyable hunt lasting over the hour; although never very fast, yet there was no time for loitering as many discovered to their cost and it appeared sufficiently speedy going if the number of collisions with trees that occurred account for anything. Hounds seemed very fit on returning to kennels; they will next meet at the Cross Roads (Melon Ground).

YACHT CLUB RACES.

THE usual Thursday evening sweepstake Race was sailed yesterday, there being 8 entries, made up of three B Class boats, four C Class and one Ship's boat. The course selected was Committee Vessel to Mark Buoy to Port, thence N. Karanja to Port and return to Committee Vessel. At the start Sitara was first over the line with the remaining competing boats a second or two later. It was a dead run to Mark Buoy with spinnakers to Port. Pixie, who had been unable to get clear of, Erin, who struck to her weather quarter, was leading at the mark by the narrow margin of only a few seconds and they were followed by Trixie with the Tomtit fleet in procession. On the reach to North Karanja, Pixie increased her lead very little from Erin and on the beat back to Committee Vessel there was very little change in the positions. Pixie got the gun, but Erin won on time allowances. Pixie takes second place, but Trixie saves entrance fee by the narrow margin of one second from Sitara. The wind was light to moderate from the West which did not suit the C. Class boats.—In future races under similar conditions, perhaps the Handicapping Committee will be a little more generous towards this plucky little class when sailing in mixed classes.

The following is the corrected result:—

SWEEPSTAKE RACE.—Sailed at 4-15 p.m.

Names of Allow. Boats.	Time Allowances.	Entered by	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time.
	M. S.		H. M. S.	H. M. S.
Trixie	3 9	Officers Glos-cester Regt.	5 52 54	1 34 45
Pixie	Scr.	R.Y.Watson	5 49 13	1 34 13
Erin	3 9	Col H Mead	5 51 24	1 33 15
Coralie	3 58	Capt.B Thomas	6 12 40	1 47 42
Maud	10 30	Officers R. E.	6 8 14	1 42 44
Sitara	14 42	J. E. Needham.	6 4 28	1 34 46
Jean	14 42	B C Reade	6 26 17	1 55 1
3rd Cutter	16 16	R. I. M. Hardinge	S. 6 3 38	1 39 56

Course: Committee Vessel to Mark Buoy Port, thence North Karanja Buoy to Port, thence Committee Vessel = 6·31 miles.

1st prize won by Erin.
2nd prize won by Trixie.
Trixie saves entrance fee.

BOMBAY RACES.

5th Extra Meeting.

Saturday, January 15.

Horses left in after declaration of forfeit at 6 p. m. on Thursday, 13th January:—

THE LINGFIELD PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs. Chivalry, Saikon, Confederation (late Admiral Crichton), St Patrick, Milner II, and Rosewater.

THE MAHIM PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs. Tachreet, Salanic, Creditor, Ashroff, Seimitar, Mumbra, Gold Mint, Shanwar, Hurgon, Gafal, Darby, Hachal, Antica, Corrector, Sabah, Hishan, Saree, Nishan, Zari, Minerva, Plassy, and Jarick.

THE PRONGS PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile. Sun, Mehraj (late Colaba), Brukat, Babil, Well Done, Sandid, Tnaboor, Hadee, Desert King, Little Gafal, Lapwing, Devon, Racer, and the Monarch.

THE CONSOLATION PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs. Priceless, Minerva, Steel, Chechan, Hurgon, Injabukh, Waterloo, Prime Minister, Royal Mail, Narsin, Duxion, First Class, Sharar, Defence, and Thuvil.

DIVISION OF THE MAHIM PLATE.—5 furlongs.

	st. lbs.		st. lbs.
Tachreet	9 12	Scimitar	9 7
Salanic	9 5	Antica	8 1
Creditor	9 0	Corrector	8 1
Ashroff	8 11	Sabah

BY THE WAY.

WHERE "L. E. L." WAS MARRIED.

St. Mary's, Bryanston-square, where Bishop Percival's son will succeed the new Dean of Norwich should says the "Westminster Gazette" have been conferred by the Premier upon some thoroughgoing Erastian, because this Georgian edifice was created purely by Act of Parliament. It was one of the "New" or "Parliamentary" churches built in London with public money between 1820 and 1830 to stem the "heathenism" which was declared to be devastating the Metropolis. The architect was Sir Robert Smirke, who built the General Post Office and the British Museum, and the first rector was the famous bibliographer, Thomas Dibdin. The prolific poetess Letitia Landon ("L. E. L."), was married here in June 1838 to Maclean, the Governor of the Gold Coast. Lytton Bulwer gave the bride away, and four months later she met with her mysterious death at Cape Coast Castle.

MR. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN'S FROCK-COAT.

The "Tailor and Cutter" is evidently not pleased with Mr. Austen Chamberlain's frock-coat, in which he has been addressing political meetings lately. It was (we are told) a well-made but old-fashioned garment. "It was much too short in the tails, giving the fullest view to the baggy knees of his trousers. It had lapels that were far too wide according to West End taste, being what some tailors call the "mustard-plaster type" the points reaching almost to the front of the scye and these were still further emphasised by the bright silk facings which came to the end of the holes. Another very extraordinary feature was an outside breast-pocket which is very exceptional in a frock-coat." Shall we be told presently that Tariff Reform means mustard plaster lapels?

THE WALSINGHAM MOTH COLLECTION.

The statement that Lord Walsingham has just presented his splendid collection of micro-lepidoptera to the Natural History Museum is hardly accurate. It is actually took place eight years ago, when his lordship made the presentation to the nation by deed of gift, but stipulated that he should retain it in his possession so long as he might desire. Included with the collection—which is the finest and largest in the world—is his lordship's great library of books on the world's micro-lepidoptera, many of which have been written by himself. Lord Walshingham, who is one of the small band of scientific peers in the Upper House, is in his sixty-seventh year, and has for many years been an ardent student of entomology. The micro-lepidoptera collection is at present housed with the Walsingham collection at Merton Hall, Thetford, and arrangements are now being made to transfer it to the Natural History Museum early in the New Year.

A PRESCRIPTION FOR CHRISTMAS.

The annual festivity of Christmas is, the "Lancet" tells us, "just as excellent an institution as the prescription of the physician which gives tone and vigour to the struggler in life's race": "Practically everybody realises the great physiological advantages of being wise on a merry occasion, and the disadvantages of being a fool. Many more persons than formerly feel where use ends and abuse begins, and they act sensibly accordingly; and so far from its being a crime to make the season festive by enjoying, on a little extended scale, perhaps, the creature comforts of life some decided good is done to both the mental and physical health of the individual." The prescription "A Merry Christmas" is sound, our contemporary believes, so long as the "signature" of good sense is observed.

THE CANDIDATE'S RECORD.

The minute scrutiny that is now being made of the previous utterances of Canadian Parliamentary candidates at Home recalls a passage in Boswell's Johnson. The biographer one day reminded his hero of an imprudent publication made by a certain friend of his at an early period of life, and asked if he thought it would hurt him. "No, sir," replied Johnson; 'not much. It may perhaps, be mentioned at an election."

LONDON BUS DRIVERS IN AUSTRALIA.

Mr. Sidney Kidman, the Australian "Cattle King" when recently in London, finding that the drivers of the old horse-buses were being thrown out of employment, arranged for the emigration of a number of them to the Antipodes. They are now distributed over his numerous cattle stations in South Australia and Queensland. Mr. Kidman has just described them as "first-rate workers." They were, he says, "a bit green at first, but it is wonderful how quickly they have dropped into their places."

WHAT THE BRITISH SOLDIER READS.

Fond as he is of novels, the British soldier, according to the "Book Monthly," does not read these to the exclusion of everything else. Biography, travel, and history claim his interest to a pronounced extent. He is particularly partial to works dealing with men under whom, and countries where, he himself has served. Lord Roberts's "Forty-one Years in India" is far and away the most popular volume among the contents of any regimental library, and "From Midshipman to Field Marshal," by Sir Evelyn Wood, is another strong favourite. So, too, is Lord Wolseley's "Story of a Soldier's Life." In fact, almost anything written about the Army by Army men will always find appreciative readers in camp and quarters.

THE PLOUGH IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

In connection with two Government seed farms in Uganda ploughing schools have been established, and the chiefs have sent their men to be trained as ploughmen. Efforts have been made to encourage the use of ploughs and improved farm implements, and many of the more enterprising chiefs have purchased ploughs. The time is not far distant, the Superintendent of the Forestry Department there thinks, when in some well developed districts the limit of possible production of crops by hand labour will be reached, and it is very important to endeavor to get the natives to take up ploughing early.

STREET TRADING BY CHILDREN.

During the past twelve months there have been no fewer than 14,400 infringements of the by-laws which have been framed by the London County Council under the Employment of children Act. Of these 5,177 were in respect of general employment and 9,263 in respect of street trading. So far as can be ascertained, there are at last 13,873 boy street traders in London, of whom over 10,000 are under the age of fourteen years; while the estimated number of girl traders is close upon 1,000. The committee came to the conclusion that the by-laws at present in existence are not strong enough, and they are to endeavor to get an alteration.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

Dr. John Hoare, M.R.C.S., of Warminster, sends the following extraordinary case to this week's "Lancet": The wife of a Mr. Higgins, a farmer of Baltonsborough, near Glastonbury, Somerset, having brought him three daughters in succession, and no son, he was so disconcerted at the repeated disappointment, that he vowed, should his next child be a daughter, he would never speak to her. On the approach of his wife's fourth confinement, he repeated this vow. To his great joy, his wife gave birth to a son, and nothing occurred to lessen his satisfaction until the child began to speak. To his astonishment and distress he then found that while the boy would readily address his mother and sisters, and, indeed, any female, nothing could induce him to utter a word to his father, or any male person. This singularity continued during the whole of his father's life (thirty years); entreaties, threats, or promises were of no avail, and the unhappy man frequently bewailed with tears the distressing consequence of his rash vow. Dr. Hoare adds that on the death of Mr. Higgins, which happened about two months since, the young man, to the astonishment of all who knew him, began to speak fluently to males as well as females, although for thirty years previously he had never been heard to utter a word to any one of the former sex. His mother and sisters, and many other respectable persons, are ready to attest the truth of the narrative.

THE BAMPTON LECTURES.

It is proposed by the University of Oxford to apply to the Court of Chancery for a modification of the trusts under which the Bampton Lectures are endowed which will make them biennial instead of annual, and will increase the remuneration of the lecturers. The Bampton Lectures were founded in 1751 by the Rev. John Bampton, Canon of Salisbury, and one of the subjects from which the lecturer has to choose is "to confirm and establish the Christian faith and to confute all heretics and schismatics. The first lecture was delivered in 1780 and with occasional suspensions, there has been a lecturer each year since that time. Heber, Whateley, Milman, and Liddon have been among the most famous lecturers and Liddon and the present Bishop of Ripon are said to be the only men who have delivered the lectures extempore.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE NEW COIFFURE DECORATED WITH COSTLY FUR.

Hairdressing is more than a vexed question just now, writes a lady correspondent in Paris. The woman who recently adopted the curious cap coiffure is growing tired of it already, and beginning to turn her attention to something which is not so generally exploited, or, incidently, so easy to achieve. It is, besides, far from being generally becoming, and the fortunate minority who have the ministrations of a maid to depend upon rather resent the fact that it does not allow sufficient scope for individual talent. Perhaps that is the reason why the Gainsborough and Reynolds coiffures, with their little curls, which escape here and there under the hat, are once again being adopted in several instances, and especially where the huge hats for table d'hote wear in the South are concerned. We are all for originality, however, and to revive something which has been almost forgotten—or not so generally exploited—even as the coiffure beloved of the great English artists, is the ambition just now of the modern elegante, who ranks the question of hairdressing very high this year. One of the most original coiffures which was launched here last week was of a type which was invented either by, or for, Pauline Bonaparte, with a difference. On one occasion Mme. Pauline made her appearance at a ball with strips of tiger skin mixed with her black plaits, the rich golden yellow of the pelt having a wonderful effect against its dark background.

STRIPS OF CHINCHILLA.

The modern woman stop short at the tiger or the leopard, but the idea of using for in this connection seems to have gripped her fancy this winter, and made an appeal to her imagination, which she is by no means inclined to ignore. The richest and most costly pelts are being used, conamore, for this purpose, the choice in such an instance being sable for the blonde while the brunette pins her faith more or less to chinchilla, and, when carefully handled this vogue for the hair ornament of fur has resulted in some very new and original effects. The head in such a case must appear small, the silhouette gaining enormously thereby, and provided the hair is bound neatly round the head, these strips of fur have a very good effect. The introduction of fur as a hair ornament has, besides, provided a welcome change from the soft twists and draperies of gemshowered tulle—which ere, however by no means generally discarded—and from the little clusters of grapes carried out in gold tissue, with gold or silver vine leaves, which have proved almost an obsession lately. As a matter of fact, there are one or two women who have made the experiment of combining the grapes with the fur, the result being not a little length will fill practically every need. White gloves are not so generally used as in former seasons, though they still hold their own in many instances, gloves toning with the costume being selected in preference where suede is concerned, while white is still preferred for glace.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JANUARY 13.

The depression in Baluchistan has moved a short distance eastward but has decreased very much in intensity and has given a local precipitation in Baluchistan and the extreme north of India, Sonemarg reporting a foot of snow and Peshawar half an inch of rain.

Forecast.—The local precipitation is likely in Baluchistan and Kashmir and a few falls of rain in the Indus Valley.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 13TH JANUARY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Continues cloudy. Looks like rain. Rain general over district. Crop prospects improving.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Wheat flourishing.

Agra.—Mornings cold and dewy. All crops doing well.

Cawnpore.—Mornings cold and dewy. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Kharif harvest in progress.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Jalgaon.—All crops doing well.

Broach.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening, ready for picking in some places and picking of first sowing partially begun. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and making good progress.

Viramgam.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants showing bolls. All crops doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Wadhwan.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening and ready for picking. Cotton crop excellent and making good progress. Cotton larger area sown this year.

Bhavnagar.—Arrivals coming freely (?).

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Hubli.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants suffering from cold winds. Wheat and other crop prospects improving.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 13TH JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 13th January, 1910, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi records 0·24" of rain. Skies are clear in the extreme eastern districts but moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Multan and Delhi but normal or in defect at the other stations. Day temperature has fallen in the north and south-west Punjab where it is now 8° to 12° in defect; night temperature has risen and is now 6° to 10° in excess except in the area of clear skies.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in defect at Allahabad and equal to the average elsewhere. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are heavily clouded in Sind and clear or lightly clouded in Rajputana. Humidity has increased and is now in excess in Sind and west Rajputana; maximum temperature is in excess at Bikaner and in defect at Jacobabad; the minimum is generally higher than usual, the excess in Sind amounting to more than 10.°

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The air is damper in Kathiawar and north Gujarat and contains the average amount of moisture elsewhere. Day temperature is generally normal; night temperature is in excess in Cutch and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature has risen; it is still nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally lightly clouded. The air is damper in the north and contains the usual amount of moisture in the south Konkan. Day temperature is in slight defect except at Bombay; night is temperature normal everywhere.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is generally normal; temperature has risen and both maximum and minimum are now in excess at most stations.

General Remarks.—Light rain has fallen in the north Punjab and skies continue heavily clouded in Sind and the western half of the Punjab. In south India skies continue lightly to moderately clouded. Jask also reports a light rainfall and weather is probably disturbed in Persia.

A few showers may occur in Sind and the Punjab and possibly in the extreme south.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MEN AND MATTERS.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

It will no doubt come as a surprise to many to hear that the Duke of Connaught, whose name has been mentioned as a likely successor to Earl Grey as Governor General of Canada, belongs to the Six Nations Indians of Canada. He is, in fact, the only white man to receive such a mark of affection from these famous Redskins, and he is known amongst them as "Cousin Arthur." At the present time there is a certain old Indian out there who is known as Bill Prince because whenever Royalty are travelling anywhere within the vicinity of his province, he runs beside the carriage and shakes hands with them. When King Edward visited Canada last, he had the honour of shaking hands with him, and also with the Prince and Princess of Wales. He is a staunch friend of "Cousin Arthur."

A RIFLE-RANGE STORY.

A few years back the Duke had an amusing experience when he was invited to open a new rifle range in the South of England. He had, of course, been invited to fire the first shot, so he made his way to the five hundred yards range, and, on arriving there, raised the rifle to his shoulder and, after a moment's pause, pulled the trigger. The result, as was plain to everybody, was a bad miss, but, to the Duke's great surprise, the marker signalled a "bull," and when the target was fetched, sure enough there was a hole plank in the centre of the bull. The Duke said nothing at the time, but he made subsequent inquiries and to his great amusement, found that this hole had been carefully made there the night before.

KING LEOPOLD'S MORGANATIC WIFE.

King Leopold's morganatic wife, Baroness Vaughan, who was one of the few persons admitted to the tiny pavilion in Laeken Park in which his Majesty died, has had a strange career. She was of very humble birth, and began matrimony by becoming the wife of a working labourer, and ended by being the morganatic wife of a monarch. Her first husband, from whom she was divorced is still living, and is a Socialist member of the House of Representatives in Belgium. In this capacity he made many fierce oratorical attacks on King Leopold, his successor as the recipient of Baroness Vaughan's affections. These speeches always aroused some disrespectful merriment in the House, and were fully reported by all the Belgian newspapers. King Leopold's marriage with Baroness Vaughan was solemnised in a Roman Catholic church but was nevertheless, never legal in Belgium where the civil ceremony alone is necessary to establish validity. A religious ceremony without the civil ceremony does not suffice to join man and wife in matrimony. In the eyes of the Church and the priesthood, Baroness Vaughan was thus the King's wife but in the eyes of the Belgian law she was not married to him. It is surmised that King Leopold left matters thus to avoid possible complications in the succession to the throne. According to the Belgian law and constitution, there is no such thing as morganatic marriage for the King of that country. Any marriage which the King of Belgium contracts is valid, and the wife becomes the Queen of Belgium. The performing of the civil ceremony would, therefore, have transformed Baroness Vaughan into Queen of Belgium, and the King, with all his disregard of the conventionalities of life, did not venture to take this step. Moreover, such a marriage would have made King Leopold's sons, of whom Baroness Vaughan is the mother, the next heirs to the throne, as they would have taken precedence of the present King, who was his predecessor's nephew. The elder of Baroness Vaughan's two sons would have become King of Belgium on his Royal father's death. His half-brother, son of the Socialist deputy, is working in a factory near Liege.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS.

Baroness Vaughan possesses many letters and documents which, when published, will throw much light on various matters of recent and contemporary history. Among other information, she has a list of the newspapers in all parts of the world which have drawn subventions from the Press Bureau of the Congo Free State to suppress the truth about atrocities perpetrated there by Belgian officials. Fearing that she might be arrested on some trumped-up pretext and that her papers would be seized at this opportunity, Baroness Vaughan had them all removed to France when it became evident that King Leopold's end was surely approaching. They are now safely under lock and key in a Paris safe-deposit.

A ROYAL ANTI-SUFFRAGETTE.

One of the latest of the many distinguished women who have joined the anti-Suffragette campaign is the Countess Stephanie Lonyay, formely Princess Stephanie of Belgium. She has been watching the "woman's movement" for some time, and has recently expressed her opinions very forcibly in a leading Vienna review. The Countess is especially displeased with those militant ladies who break Cabinet Ministers' windows, and shout "votes for women" in theatres and at political meetings. "What women should struggle for," she says, "is mental emancipation, the enlargement of her knowledge, and the strengthening of her character, so far as these can be attained. This spiritual emancipation must not be confused with the distorted caricature of modern female emancipation, which is the outcome of abnormal and unintelligent education." That the Princess is a firm believer in "the enlargement of knowledge and the strengthening of woman's character" is proved by the fact that she herself is an adept at all kinds of useful work. She paints, writes, and goes in for music, and has frequently tried her hand at inventing things. Not long since, she took out a patent for a new kind of chafing-dish and spirit-lamp combined. The contrivance is so made that it cannot possibly be upset and the idea was suggested to her by so often seeing soup and gravy spilled on table-cloths at hotels and in private houses.

VERY DIPLOMATIC.

Once the Gaekwar of Baroda attended a Christmas ball at an English country house. He was introduced to a young and charming lady whose name he did not catch, and he eventually asked her to dance with him. As they danced in the ballroom under the mistletoe and holly, he saw an officer who had once deceived him in India. "Do you see that gentlemen over there?" said the Gaekwar to his pretty partner. "Well, if there's one man in the world I hate, it's him!" "Really!" said his charming companion; "that's my husband." "Yes," said the adroit Gaekwar. "Yes, of course; that's why I hate him."

THE PEER OF MANY PLACES.

Lord Strathcona, who has spent his whole life in dashing feverishly all over Canada and the British Isles in order to cope with his many British interests has just added another to his many residences The Priory on the little island of Oransay in the Inner Hebrides. He has now probably more residences than any other peer of the realm. Current books of reference give no fewer than nine, and we have now to include The Priory in Oransay. The others are 28 Grosvenor Square and 17 Victoria Street in London; Glencol, N. B. Colonsay; N. B. Knebworth Park, Herts Debden Hall, Newport Essex Norway House, Picton Nova Scotia; Silver Heights, Winnipeg and 1157 Dorchester Street Montreal. It is difficult, too, to know at which of these addresses to catch him for in spite of his advancing years he still travels constantly from one to another all the year round.

OUR GREATEST LANDOWNER.

The Duke of Sutherland celebrated his fifty-eighth birthday recently. He is by far the greatest landowner in the United Kingdom, being lord of more than a million and a quarter acres. He is one of the most unpretentious of men, eschewing gay Society, and never so happy as when cruising in one of his yachts with a few chosen friends. The Duke is by nature very retiring, but he is one of the most faithful to the duties which become a great landlord; and his popularity in the far north was certainly evinced a few weeks ago, when his elder son and heir came of age. He has been mayor of Longton, in the Potteries, and has been Lord-Lieutenant of Sutherland, and honorary colonel of the Staffordshire Yeomanry for seventeen years. He once served in the Life Guards, and his two sons are both entering cavalry regiments.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it prednces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

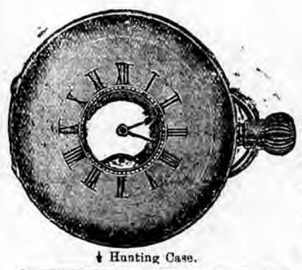
THE ORIGINAL "CAMPAIGN" WATCH.
FIRST INTRODUCED 1873.

Although reduced in price since then the quality has been considerably improved, in fact our "Campaign" watch of 1909 would be absolutely ashamed of its prototype of even the last decade.

Crystal Face Case.

QUALITY—IMPROVED
PRICE — REDUCED } SINCE 1873.

DESCRIPTION:—The "Campaign" Watch has a half-plate lever movement, a plain compound balance all essential parts are jewelled, including the lever, which has jewelled facts; the keyless ratchet is large, minimising the strain in winding and ensuring durability; the figures on the white enamelled dial are very bold and clear, so that the time can be seen in a faint light.


½ Hunting Case.

NOT ONLY does our name appear on the dial of these watches but the word "Campaign" is on every movement.

Hunting Case.

PRICES:

SOLID NICKEL CASE.
White Wear Throughout.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 25

STERLING SILVER CASES.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 40
½ Hunting ... ... „ 45
Hunting ... ... „ 45

18 ct. GOLD CASES.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 200
½ Hunting ... ... „ 225
Huntin ... „ 235

Brigadier-General C. W. Park

WROTE US AS FOLLOWS ON THE 24TH NOVEMBER:—

I have much pleasure in testifying to the excellence of a Nickel Watch which I bought from you in September 1879.

I had it with me through the last year of the Afghan War in 1880 and through the whole of the War in South Africa 1899 to 1902: it has been twice in China and Japan and many times on shooting expeditions in the snows of the Himalaya and in the plains of India in hot weather. It has gone regularly and kept good time for 27 years without ever being cleaned or requiring any repairs until September last, when the mainspring broke. It has now been repaired by you and is at present going again as well as ever.

Illustrated Catalogue of Watches & Clocks on Application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD., BOMBAY & POONA.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.

DIET is most important to all. To live we must eat—so study your dietary.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S is a well-balanced and self-contained food of the highest possible form of nourishment—is easily digested and quickly assimilated—invigorates the strong—strengthens and builds up the weak. The best breakfast and supper beverage—can be taken hot or cold.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, etc.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*
To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co, Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Co, Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Co, Agents in *Pondichery.*

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES
ETC., ETC.

PLAGUE PREVENTION
DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS MACHINES
CLAYTON SYSTEM

TELEGRAMS: "UNCONSUMED, LONDON."

THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co.,
22 CRAVEN ST., LONDON, W.C.

HIGH-CLASS TOOLS
FOR MINERS, CONTRACTORS, AND AGRICULTURISTS.
HAND AND POWER BORING MACHINES FOR ROCK & COAL.
"HARDY" DRILL STEEL.
THE HARDY PATENT PICK CO., LTD.
SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND.

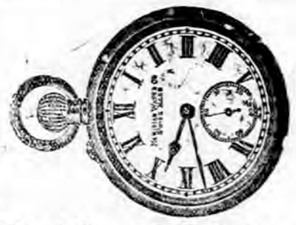
By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, Bombay,
THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM
Who Offer their patrons Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding English Registrable Diplomas.
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Late Partner, D. M. DASTOOR & Co.
Twenty years' experience in sight-testing Retinoscopically.
BEWARE | WE HOLD
Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Ball, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.
STOCK:—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE.
PRICES—EXTREMELY MODERATE.
A Pocket Manual "The human eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

The N & C Maiden RAINCOAT

FOR WET OR SHINE
MARKS THE WELL DRESSED
POROUS HEALTHY AND RAINPROOFED THROUGHOUT
LIGHT IN WEIGHT SMART IN APPEARANCE MODERATE IN PRICE
ALSO THE N. & C. PORONELLA WATERPROOF A RELIABLE RUBBER COAT IN VARIOUS QUALITIES
TO BE HAD FROM LEADING STORES AND OUTFITTERS. WHOLESALE ONLY FROM
NICHOLSON'S RAINCOAT CO. LIMITED.
BEAUMONT WORKS, ST. ALBANS.
And at 12 MOOR LANE, LONDON, E.C., and JORDAN ST., SHUTT MILL, MANCHESTER.

WREXHAM LAGER BEER
ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.
Sole by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACKENZIE & CO., MADRAS.
D. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
And Leading Stores in India and Burmah.



Meridian Watches.
KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD.
Have proved the Best for Hot Climates
Reliable in Every Way.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION.
Watch Repairing Department
G. A. CHARPIE & CO.
BOMBAY.

Stephens' Inks

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons For Typewriters.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
Easily Cure THE WORST COUGH
One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their marvellous value
Sold in bottles everywhere.

Exceptionally Strong Glass, accuracy of make, and best obtainable value in this article will be found in bottles of our manufacture. Packed securely for safe arrival at factory. Apply through Agent or Merchant, for Prices and Samples.
ALFRED ALEXANDER & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1846.
Head Offices: 65, Goldschmidt Street, LONDON, E.C., Eng.

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

Lahore **MAX MINCK & CO.** Lahore

Our Military Model

WRIST WATCH.

GUARANTEED FOR 7 YEARS.

Testimonial.

FORT SANDEMAN, BALUCHISTAN.

MESSRS. MAX MINCK & CO. Lahore.

Dear Sir, 1st June, 1909.

As you would be interested to hear what an Excellent Watch your "Military Model" is I append a few particulars of one I bought from you in February 1905. It has never varied in spite of rough usage more than one minute per week, and I consider it a first rate timekeeper. Among other things, I have found it dust proof and on one occasion was on my wrist when I fell down a well. Not a drop of water got inside and it has gone just as well as ever, thereby proving itself absolutely watertight.

Your faithfully,
M. BIRD, I. A.

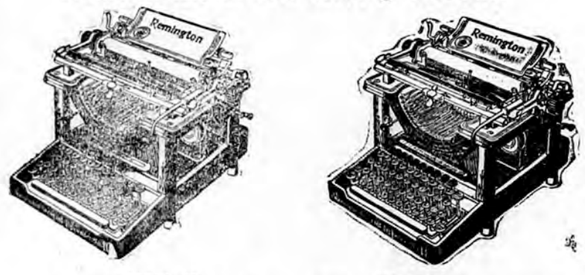
Our Latest Illustrated Catalogue just published. Dainty and Charming Designs in Jewellery. The latest and most up-to-date Patterns in Silverware. An extensive range of suitable Presents for Christmas.

In Nickel Case, Rs. 25 ; In Gun Metal Case, Rs. 27-8 ; In Silver Case, Rs. 30.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE

REMINGTON

Is the History of the Writing Machine.



MODEL 10. WITH COLUMN SELECTOR — MODEL 11. WITH BUILT-IN TABULATOR

NEW MODELS 10 AND 11. NOW READY.

IMPROVED MODELS OF No. 7 AND No. 8 ALSO AVAILABLE.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY.

LONDON AND NEW YORK.

BRANCHES IN INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Allahabad, Dacca, Nagpur.
REPRESENTATIVES AT.—Simla, Lahore, Rangoon, Colombo.

75, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL ABSORBENT

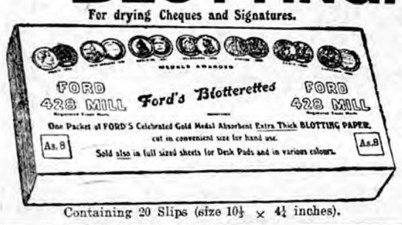
FORD'S BLOTTING.

Our Name and Trade Mark is a guarantee to the Public of the Highest Quality only.

FORD 428 MILL.

LUXURIOUS ECONOMY.

For drying Cheques and Signatures.


FORD
428 MILL
Ford's Blotterettes
FORD
428 MILL
One Packet of FORD'S Celebrated Gold Medal Absorbent Extra Thick BLOTTING PAPER, cut in convenient size for hand use.
As. 8
Sold also in full sized sheets for Desk Pads and in various colours.
As. 8

Containing 20 Slips (size 10½ × 4¼ inches).

To be obtained of all Stationers.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.

The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne *is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.*

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD-LIVER OIL introduced into Medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and reginimal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BERTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

BEWARE of IMITATIONS

RIGAUD'S

GENUINE

JAPAN KANANGA TOILET WATER

PARIS FRANCE

SOLD BY ALL PERFUMERS

ANOTHER LEADING BRAND

BY ANONYMOUS CIGAR CO., DINDIGUL.

"DINDIGUL ROCKS" TORCHES.

Rs. 2

Per 50

A Perfect mild Indian Cigar for Connoisseurs.

Sample box of 5 cigars Post Free on receipt of As. 4 in stamps only—MESSES & CLUBS supplied Free.

☞ Price List of other brands on application.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA. **D. MERWAN & CO.,** 42, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

MAGNESIA

J. C. VICKERY, Their Majesties' Jeweller, Silversmith, Dressing Case & Leather Goods Manufacturer
179-181-183, REGENT STREET, :: :: LONDON, W.

GREAT NOVELTY.

EXPANDING FINGER RING WATCHES.

VICKERY'S Finger Ring Watches can be worn outside the glove, or in the ordinary way.

Gold, Enamel and Diamonds	£21 0 0
Ditto, Brilliants	32 10 0
Gold, Enamel and Pearls ..	17 12 6
All Gold	15 15 0

The Largest Stock — of — Novelties in Europe.

Illustrations and prices for any requirement sent by return mail in JEWELLERY, GOLD and SILVER NOVELTIES, LEATHER GOODS of every kind, FITTED DRESSING CASES and BAGS, SILVER and ELECTRO PLATE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.

5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT CASH WITH ORDER.

LOVELY CABOCHON RINGS.

VICKERY'S Cabochon AMETHYST, BLUE CHALCEDONY, . . Chrysoprase or Green Jade and 18-ct. Gold Rings . . . . . Only £2 15 0.

BENGER'S FOOD

A Food of great nutritive value which can be made suitable for any degree of digestive power by the simple process of letting it stand for a longer or shorter period at one stage of its preparation.

When strength is returning after illness, a carefully regulated and increasing amount of exercise for the digestive functions is beneficial. Benger's Food is the only food which can be prepared so as to give the stomach this regulated amount of work.

Benger's Food is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'; otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

INVALID'S PORT

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

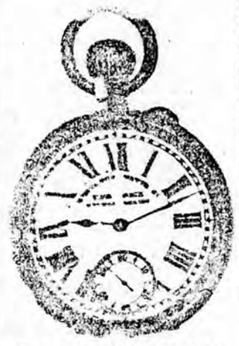
Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATION

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

THE - - RELIANCE WATCH - - COMPANY'S

SPLENDID OFFER



THE "REX."

ONLY FOR A SHORT TIME

SPECIAL REDUCTION IN

THE "REX"

The most popular Keyless Lever Watches in India.

Guaranteed for 3 years and made in four sizes.

The Special Railway Guard Watch

22" Size Keyless lever.

	Rs.
In Nickel Silver Case, Screw Joint case dust and Waterproof	15

The Railway Guard Watch.

19" Size Keyless lever.

	Rs.
In Nickel Silver case, Open face	9
„ Black oxidised steel „ „	10
„ Sterling Silver „ „	16
„ „ „ „ Hunter	18
„ „ „ „ Half Hunter	20

Medium Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	10
„ Black oxidised steel „ „	11
„ Sterling Silver „ „	16
„ „ „ „ Hunting	18
„ „ „ „ Half Hunting	20

Small Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	11
„ Black oxidised steel „ „	12
„ Sterling Silver „ „	16
„ „ „ „ „ „ Hunting ...	19
„ „ „ „ „ „ Half Hunting...	20

Don't miss a chance, never before offered, but call and see for yourself, the latest arrival.

A Limited number only will be sold at the above prices as an Advertisement to prove the quality of THE "REX."

THE RELIANCE WATCH Co.,

HORNBY ROAD. BOMBAY.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

FOR THE HAIR.

110 YEARS SUCCESS.

Preserves, Restores, Nourishes it more effectually than any other preparation; Prevents Greyness, Cures Scurf; Promotes a luxuriant Growth of Hair; Invaluable for children's Hair; GOLDEN COLOUR for fair or grey Hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s. 0d., 10s. 6d., sold by Stores, Chemists, Hairdressers and ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

Without the use of this valuable preparation the Hair becomes Dry, Harsh, Thin and Brittle; no other preparation produces such a Beautiful and Dressy appearance of the Hair.

INVALUABLE

For the COMPLEXION — In HOT CLIMATES

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION. Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE. Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS. Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET. Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.

Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

M. BEETHAM & SON. CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

ALL STOREKEEPERS SHOULD STOCK

ROWAT'S MANUFACTURES.

SPLENDID VALUE. LOW PRICES.

PICKLES
WORCESTER SAUCES
— AND —
VINEGARS

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Lowest C.I.F. Prices by applying to—

ROWAT & CO.- GLASGOW.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

GULWELL WORKS, **WOLVERHAMPTON,** ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER,

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20. CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: OWN & A.B.C. (5TH EDITIONS).

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "poceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

WILL YOU SEE HOW YOUR HAIR LOOK POLISHED AND BRIGHT AFTER THE USE OF

KESHRANJAN OIL.

FOR THE HAIR

It makes such a difference as you know, to th personal appearance when the hair is made to look its best even if not naturally perfect.

But Keshranjan does more than merely polish the hair—it gives strength to the hair roots and eradicates scurfs, dandruff and skin diseases. Invaluable for Ladies-Toilet.

Re. 1 per bottle.
Post-free Re. 1-5.

OUR BEST LIVER AND KIDNEY TONIC

JAKRIDARI-KASHAYA

Cures all bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, sour bitter tastes, headache, and loss of appetite. It regulates the action of the stomach, liver and the bowels. Price per phial Re. 1. Packing and postage As 7.

ASOKARISHTA.—Cures speedily and permanently all sorts of female ailments such as Menorrhœa, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, uterine Tumour. It is a safe remedy for habitual miscarriages and prevents the patient from catching Puerperal fever if regularly taken after delivery. Price per phial Rs. 1-8. Packing and postage As. 7.

Our KARNAROGANTAK TAILA or Ear-drops cures Otorrhœa, Otitis, Tympanitis, inflammation, and all other distressing diseases of the ear. Deafness, if not long standing, is sure to be cured by its use. Its effect is soothing and is free from all sorts of irritation. In the evacuation of pus and all other septic matter it possesses a remarkable power. Price per phial As 12. Packing and postage As. 5.

A NICE PRESENT FREE!

We will send you *free* on receipt of a half anna Postage stamp to your address, a copy of our popular *Keshranjan Diary* for the year 1910 which contains many useful informations,

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER.
M. C. S. (Paris), S. C. I. (London, M S A S London, &c &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.
Our Agent at Bombay—
V. VALABHDAS & Co.,
Commission Agents,
Paydhoni, Bombay

NEW MODEL ENGLISH GUNS.

Direct from the makers at lowest prices.
Superior far-killing Double Breechloaders from £3-10-0 each a test model Rifles, Revolvers, etc. Illustrated price list free. 9, Leander Road, Thornton Heath, London, England.

Steinway Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Knake Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Brinsmead Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Erard Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Collard Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Bechstein Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Allison Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.
Schiedmayer Pianos
S. ROSE & CO., Fort, Bombay.

Established over a Century.

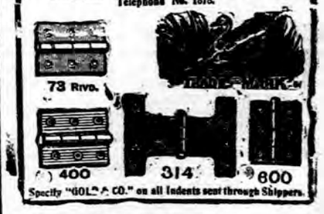
GOLD & CO.,

Birmingham, ENGLAND.

INUFACTURERS OF

PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1878.



Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette, Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 66 Frenchurch Street, London E. C.